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April 21, 1918. Temperature 6 a.m. 63 3 p.m. 95
Humidity 95

April 22, 1917. Temperature 6 a.m. 70 3 p.m. 83
Humidity 94

7923 日二十月三

MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1918.

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REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE FIGHTING IN FRANCE AND FLANDERS.

AMERICANS HEAVILY ATTACKED.

Unsuccessful German Shock Troops.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at the American Headquarters says:—Twelve hundred German shock troops attacked the Americans north-west of Toul on April 20 and penetrated the American trenches. They captured the village of Seicheprey, which was retaken later. Heavy fighting all day and late into the night left the American positions virtually intact. This is the largest attack on Americans up to the present.

The Enemy's Plans Unsettled.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters telegraphing on Saturday evening states:—Captured maps prove that when the enemy broke off the attack south of Arras in order to develop his unexpected success at Arras, he calculated in breaking through, but he has been held almost for a week. He will probably now try assaulting chosen positions with masses of men and guns. There are evidences that the chain of hilllocks from Mount Kemmel will be successively attacked. The enemy may revert to his original plan of separating the Anglo-French armies, but this is no longer possible. The rush for the channel ports has been dammed. Prisoners admit that the task set them when the offensive was launched, was much more bitter than was imagined. A feature of the fighting during the past week has indeed been the glorious valour, tenacity and indomitable bravery of the British troops. Only numerical superiority yielded the enemy the slightest success. The khaki line of a week ago is now variegated with the blue of French uniforms and the wall which opposed the enemy is much less likely to yield to any sudden stupendous thrust.

A Forty-Eight Hours' Lull.

London, April 21.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Paris a semi-official message issued on the evening of the 20th, says:—There has been a forty-eight hours lull in the struggle on the Anglo-French front, which most probably marks the suspension rather than the end of the battle of Lys. The Germans must reconstitute their shattered divisions after their bloody defeat by the British before Mount Kemmel, St. Venant and the Givancy front, but they have engaged themselves too deeply in the salient north of La Bassée Canal not to persevere with their attempts. Since the offensive is always more costly for the assailant than the defender, if, as there is every reason to believe the new, and very severe, battle which must be expected, does not bring the decision which is necessary to the Germans, then their offensive power will inevitably decrease. French opinion therefore awaits the course of events on their front, coolly confident. The future presents for the British more favourable conditions than the first phase of the great enemy offensive, which, nevertheless ended in the failure of the German plan.

French Re-take Lost Ground.

London, April 21.

A French communique states:—There is sustained artillery firing on the left of the Arras, and also between Montdidier and Noyon. Fighting continued during the night in the region of Seicheprey, where we have retaken almost the whole of the ground lost. American units fighting side by side with our troops repulsed a heavy German attack in the same sector.

The British Front.

London, April 21.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig in a communique states:—After some fighting we repulsed an attack upon a post south of the Scarpe River. Our artillery stopped an attempted advance north-east of Ypres. We carried out a successful local operation in the neighbourhood of Robecq, killing a number and capturing prisoners and machine guns. Hostile artillery was active yesterday afternoon and during the night on the Somme and the Ancre and La Bassée sectors.

The Paris Bombardment.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at Paris states that up to the present 118 people have been killed and 236 injured by the long range bombardment of Paris.

The Fighting Near Robecq.

London, April 21.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—There was local fighting to our advantage this morning in the neighbourhood of Robecq. We repulsed the enemy from some advanced posts. There is considerable artillery fighting in this area.

GERMANY AND INDEMNITIES.

What the Huns Would Like.

London, April 21.

According to Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam a telegram from Berlin states that negotiations are proceeding between the Government and the Reichstag with a view to the official repudiation of the Reichstag's July peace resolution. Von Tuppis and other pro-German speakers are now demanding that Great Britain and France pay indemnities of five thousand millions sterling, in addition to France giving up some of her colonies and Great Britain exporting raw materials.

UNSETTLED RUSSIA.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd, wiring on April 18, says that there has been fighting between the Anarchists and Bolsheviks at Voronezh, Simbirsk and Rostov, and also between the White Guards and Red Guards north of Viborg, which is the only important Finnish town remaining in the hands of the Red Guards.

Korniloff's Troops In Action.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at Petrograd says that despatches from the south announce a renewal of hostilities between General Korniloff's troops and those of the Soviets.

War Vessels at Odessa.

London, April 21.

A Turkish cruiser and two torpedo boats have arrived at Odessa.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

IN HELIGOLAND BIGHT.

A Little Brush With the Enemy.

London, April 21.

The Admiralty announces that British light forces in the Heligoland Bight on Saturday encountered enemy light forces, who retired behind minefields. A few shots were exchanged at extreme range, and an enemy destroyer was hit. All our ships returned without casualties.

ADVICE TO THE IRISH.

What is Expected of Irishmen.

London, April 21.

A message from New York states that Irishmen in Georgia have cabled to Mr. Dillon as follows:—"Irishmen in Georgia at a meeting at Augusta endorse the grant of Home Rule to Ireland and the extension of conscription to Ireland. We expect that Irishmen in Ireland will fight with the Allies, and similarly Irishmen in America."

CEYLON'S NEW ATTORNEY GENERAL.

London, April 21.

Mr. H. O. Gellan, the Attorney General of Trinidad, has been appointed Attorney General of Ceylon.

THE CLERGY AND THE MAN POWER ACT.

London, April 21.

The Bishop of London, addressing a Stoke Newington congregation, supported conscription, and announced that despite the exclusion of the Clergy from the Man Power Act, calling up notices were being dispatched to the clergy of his diocese. He said that exclusion had not affected the position. The principle which would be observed in London would be on the basis of leaving one priest per parish. The Bishop believed that other bishops would act similarly.

ITALIAN STATESMAN IN PARIS.

London, April 21.

A message from Paris states that Signor Orlando, the Italian Premier, and Signor Bianchi, the Minister of Transport, have arrived from Rome.

IRELAND AND CONSCRIPTION.

London, April 21.

The Police have removed all arms and ammunition, including repairs, from Irish gunsmiths' shops. Masses of Intercession have been celebrated to avert conscription.

A Hot-Headed Irish M.P.

London, April 21.

Mr. Davlin, M. P., in a hot speech at Belfast, advised the Irish to refuse to register militarily, to spit on the tribunals and refuse to go.

THE RHEIMS BOMBARDMENTS.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at the French Headquarters says:—Owing to recent German bombardments the town of Rheims is now in ruins. The Cathedral has been hit repeatedly, but only by shell splinters and is much as it was six months ago. Joan of Arc still rides her bronze charger immovable, serene and confident before the Cathedral, though a shell splinter has broken the uplifted sword in her right hand. Near by is a large hole in the ground made by a big shell, unquestionably intended for the Cathedral. Germans declare that the bombardment of Rheims is a reprisal for the French bombardment of Leon station.

THE INTER-ALLIED WAR COMMITTEE.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at Paris states that the Inter-Allied War Committee at Versailles now consists of General Batin, France; President; General Sackville West, Britain; General Nobili, Italy; and General Bliss, United States of America.

THE ITALIAN FRONT.

Repeated Concentrations on Enemy Positions.

London, April 21.

An Italian official message states:—Artillery batteries on the Asiago-Bastin Front carried out repeated concentrations on enemy positions. British patrols in the forest, effectively harassing the enemy.

THE SILVER MARKET.

London, April 21.

Silver is quoted at 47 1/4. There is more trade and more demand. The market is firm.

THE FIGHTING IN ASIA MINOR.

Armenians Active.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at Tiflis says it is reported that the Armenians are retaking Van. Tatar attacks on Baku were repulsed by the Armenians and the rest of the population.

STRIKE AT HAMBURG.

A Melée Between Police, Military and Mob.

London, April 21.

Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam says that there is a strike at the State Artillery Works at Hamburg. Men trying to resume work were attacked by a mob, whom the police and military charged and fired on. Several were wounded. The Ministry has closed the works.

GERMANY'S FOREIGN MINISTER.

London, April 21.

There are reports that the resignation of Herr von Kuhlmann is being revived. Dr. Galtzow is mentioned as his successor.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

Reports from British and French Sources.

London, April 20.

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters, wiring on the 20th, says:—Relatively speaking the night passed fairly quietly in the northern battle area except for considerable bombing activity in the frosty stillness and a good deal of shelling. The enemy artillery in the Lys region is steadily increasing in strength. Heretofore it mainly consisted of field batteries and trench mortars but a good deal more shelling from 4.5 and 6.5 howitzers is lately reported. One sharp little affair took place after midnight when a large body of German infantry rushed our outpost line east of Riezduvigne. They reached our main front line where they were brought up by heavy rifle and machine-gun fire and driven back into Pascaut Wood after costly and persistent efforts to gain a footing. There has been more activity south of Arras where yesterday morning we succeeded in advancing our line over a fifteen hundred yards front eastward of Beaurains. Last night the enemy delivered a heavy assault from the direction of Telegraph Hill which was repulsed after hard fighting. A fierce bombardment so pounded our new trenches that it was decided to withdraw to the line held yesterday morning. The enemy has heavily shelled Tillen Wood and there is a general increase of artillery in Scarpe Valley.

Lively Artillery Firing Between Lassigny and Noyon.

Paris, April 20.

A French communique says:—There is reciprocal artillery activity of the liveliest description between Lassigny and Noyon. We carried out several raids and captured prisoners, while similar enemy attacks were repulsed.

Work By British Aviators.

London, April 20.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—Southward of Hebuterne and southward of the Scarpe we carried out successful minor enterprises, advancing our line slightly and taking thirty-seven prisoners and three machine guns. Hostile artillery is active at Ayette and southward of the La Bassée Canal. Despite the weather 4 1/2 tons of bombs were dropped on the railway station at Thourout, on a dump at Engel and on other targets. Our night fliers were very active, dropping sixteen tons on Arras, Warneton, Estaires, Bapaume, and the railway junction at Chaulnes, directly hitting four trains, one of which, judging by the explosions, was full of ammunition. All our machines returned.

Successful French Counter-Attacks.

London, April 21.

A Paris communique reports:—East of St. Mihiel the enemy yesterday morning delivered an attack on a front of one kilometre near Leicheprey, and gained a footing in some elements of advanced trenches; but immediate counter-attacks partially drove him out. Our aviators dropped four tons of bombs on a landing ground at Champion and bivouacs in the region of Ham, Guisard and Noyon. On Friday night seventy machines effectively bombed the railway station at St. Quentin and the railway lines in the Jussy region, also aerodromes.

Brilliant British Counter-Attack Near Givency and Festubert.

London, April 20.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—We have captured a few men, nine machine-guns and a trench mortar in a successful enterprise southward of the Scarpe River. We also repulsed a counter-attack in this sector. In a successful counter-attack last night the First Division threw out the enemy at certain points from the advanced defences around Givency and Festubert, gained by him on Wednesday at the cost of heavy losses. We gained all our objectives and re-established our position. We drove back the attacking enemy after sharp fighting south-eastward of Robecq.

Congratulations from Sir Douglas Haig.

London, April 20.

The Press Bureau states:—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig congratulates Lieut. General Sir L. Holland and all ranks of the First Corps on the gallant and successful way in which all the enemy's attacks were repulsed yesterday.

THE FORTHCOMING BRITISH BUDGET.

Still Heavier Sacrifices Probable.

London, April 20.

It is fully expected that the Budget next week will involve still heavier sacrifices for the British civilian population. The "Westminster Gazette" in an article on the British war effort says:—If ever there was another such war we should begin by commandeering the services of all citizens and make those who are not fighting perform other State services for wages fixed on a scale that would suspend profits or reduce them to a minimum. "This complete collectivization of national effort is the logical conclusion of modern wars." Men between 40 and 60 discovered suddenly that the service they thought "natural and proper" for their juniors was also required of them, while men between 60 and 80 see themselves not far removed from a liability which never entered their wildest imaginations four years ago.

"The Westminster Gazette" proceeds to say that taxes will be imposed which four years ago we would have thought impossible to pay. People who live in big houses will have to let or leave them and take smaller ones. Homes will have to be broken up and furniture stored. As regards domestic servants the Munitions Department has already taken half and the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps want a good many of the remainder. Moreover by a big compulsory cutting down of light and coal houses are being detailed. Hence middle-class England has seriously to face a new way of life and many thousands more will have to face it after the coming Budget.

The newspaper mentions these things without the slightest complaint and it concludes:—We now have to realize that the whole of our lives will have to be rationed and that there is no sacrifice of comfort or convenience which the State is not entitled to demand of us.

THE MENACE IN SIBERIA.

German Prisoners to Evacuation.

London, April 20.

A Russian wireless message to the German Foreign Office states that measures have been taken for the speedy evacuation of German war prisoners from Archangelsk. (Continued on page 4.)

NEW YORK JEWS FOR FRONT.

The First Contingent.

New York, March 1.—One hundred and fifty Jewish recruits for Britain, yesterday started on their journey to the Holy Land. At Boston, which will be their first stop, they will be 100 more, and leave for overseas from a Canadian port. As the first American detachment of the Jewish Battalion of the British Expeditionary Force, the men set off on their mission to win Palestine back for the Jewish people.

Within the last 36 hours before the sailing, Zionists sailed for Boston, some 60 more young Hebrews, chiefly from the East Side, felt the call, and enlisted to join the 100 who were sworn in on Tuesday.

Led by a flag bearer, carrying the emblem of David, the recruits marched down Fifth Avenue on their way to the pier of the Fall River Line. A Hebrew Orphan Asylum band played the tunes to which the ardent Zionists marched.

The thrill of participating in a great historical movement was shared by the parents and friends of the men of the Ghetto who were leaving to fight under the Union Jack. Coming from a part of the city which has been advertised as a hotbed of pacifism, these stay-at-home encouraged their sons' struggle for the attainment of the goal for which the Jewish people have offered daily prayers for nearly 2,500 years.

The line of march started at 220, West Forty-second Street, the headquarters of the British recruiting mission, across Fifth Avenue, down to Thirty-third Street.

From there the rookies took the "L" and reached Pier 14, at the foot of Vesey Street, where the ship Commonwealth was docked and where their friends were waiting once more to bid them God-speed. Lypis Lipky, leader of the American Zionists, and Boroch Zuckerman, head of the Paale Zionists, were among the throng, which waved handkerchiefs and blue and white Jewish flags with the six-pointed star as the ship pulled out last evening at 5 o'clock.

The women and children at the pier presented the departing men with personal gifts. Each of the soldiers of Zion wore a khaki sweater with the emblem of the rare embroidered in the centre. In age the Jewish crusaders varied from 18 to 45. The oldest recruit gave his name as Matthew's Cooper, and said he had resigned his job as Sheriff in Bristol, Conn., to fight. He said the eldest of his five children was with General Pershing's forces.

Of all the recruits, only Joseph L. Cohen, the first to enlist and the director of the recruiting campaign, was the only one in uniform. The others will be fitted out on the other side—Tribune.

[The flag of the American Jews' Battalion in the British Army is based on the shield of David.]

Passenger Bookings Cancelled.—We understand (says the North China Daily News of April 18) that all passenger bookings by the R.M.S. Express of Russia (May 11) and Express of Asia (June 8) for Canada have had to be cancelled, owing to the fact that steamers have been requisitioned for Government service. Passengers are also being repatriated rapidly.

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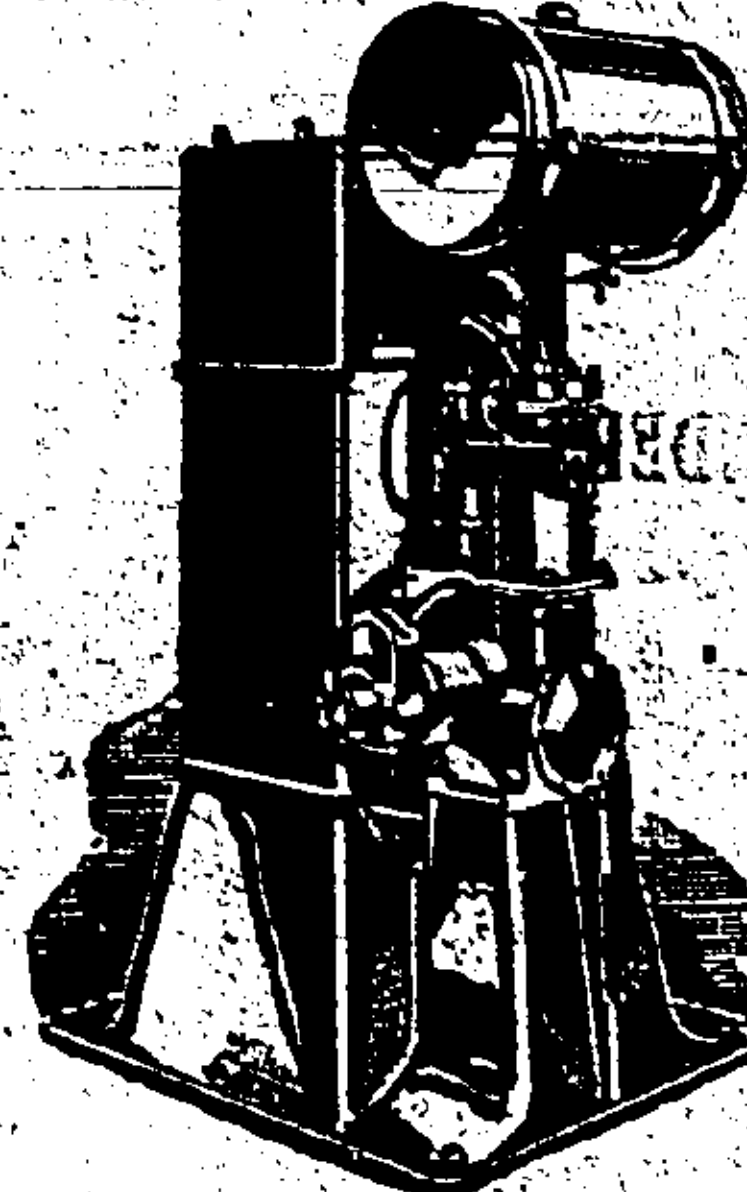
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GENERAL NEWS.

Chinese Journalists Trip to Japan.

A party was recently organized consisting of representatives of Peking newspapers to go to Japan to study the journalistic work of the Japanese.

Famous Racing Yacht Sold.

The famous 19-metre racing cutter *Marquise* has been sold by Mr. A. K. Gilbert, the hon. treasurer of the Yacht Racing Association, to a Norwegian yachtman, *Marquise* was built by Fife, in 1911, and in three seasons she started on 112 occasions, winning 69 prizes, of which 47 were first and 12 seconds. Her victories included the Albert Cup at Southsea, in 1911, and the King's Cup for the Nore to Dover race in 1912.

Plan to Increase Egg Output.

Sir Richard Wintley, replying to Mr. Robinson, says that the Freshwater Fish Committee are clearly of opinion that little relief to the nation's food supply could be afforded from the freshwater fisheries of England and Wales. The Board hope, however, to receive very shortly from the Committee recommendations as to the extension in suitable cases of the open season for catching various kinds of freshwater fish. The Committee have submitted a scheme for increasing the output of eels, and the Board hope shortly to put their recommendations into effect.

Scottish War Casualties.

Major James Thomson, Royal Garrison Artillery, who died on active service from dysentery following malignant malaria, was 42 years of age. He was, says the Scottish correspondent of the *N. O. Daily News*, the youngest son of the late Mr. John Thomson, engineer, Glasgow, and the brother of Sir William Rowan Thomson, who was appointed a Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire in the New Year list of Honours. Major Thomson was educated at Glasgow Academy and University, and was offered one of the first two commissions given to the University on the outbreak of the South African War. He afterwards served in China, the Malay States, and Gibraltar; was Adjutant of the Duke of Edinburgh's Own Artillery Militia, afterwards of the Forth Coast Defences, and then went to Malta. He retired, but rejoined on the outbreak of war, and served in France and Macedonia, being mentioned in the last Salonica despatches. Mr. J. A. Campbell, who died of wounds when a prisoner in Germany, was the 25th Scottish Rugby Internationalist to fall in the war.

Germany from Within.

The *Leipziger Neue Nachrichten* in a leading article entitled "The Nation's Soul in Distress" frankly admits the demoralization of the German nation since the war, and quotes a Hamburg authority as openly declaring that the position of the honourable, robust no longer exists, because in the present circumstances there can be no such thing. The newspaper adds that the nation was formerly so proud of its officials as its merchants, because their integrity appeared incomparable. Formerly "we had only a misty smile at Russian expeditions, and the worst Balkan experiences caused us silent mirth, because we thought of our faithful incorruptible at home. Has this humour not been somewhat diminished?" The journal remarks that Dr. Meining was able to speak of the "Pig Office" as being a den of thieves "without immediately encountering universal and indignant contradiction." "The insecurity of the postal and railway traffic to-day is really quite unprecedented," it continues. "No parcel and no baggage is protected from disappearance or robbery, and the railway authorities repudiate all obligation to replace stolen property." The confidence, firm as a rock, which we formerly felt in our Imperial Postal Service, that nothing is ever lost in the post, has given place to an entirely different view.

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GENERAL NEWS.

Rugby Headmaster's Advice.
 Dr. David, headmaster of Rugby, at the Teachers' Christian Union Conference, said that what was lacking and inadequate in the religion of the men at the front, there is as much fault and as much inadequacy in the faith of the nation at home. Evidence showed that there has been at work in the minds of the soldiers something very like a repellent influence against religion. The unattractiveness of religion is perhaps often due to some reminiscence of early repression in its name. "God will be angry with you" was a most unfortunate way of putting things to children. The fear of God is a very easy thing to teach to children. But could children bear it? Ought they to be expected to bear it? Instillations of the truth are presented to children before their minds are ready to receive them.

New Bank in Shanghai.
 In the premises formerly occupied by the Mercantile Bank of India, 7, Nanking Road, the Bank of China has established a Shanghai branch which was opened recently, when there was a reception. The staff of the bank comprises six assistants to Mr. M. Hashimoto, the manager, all of whom have been transferred from the head office at Seoul, Korea. The comprador, Mr. Ho Desang, and his staff have been engaged locally. Practically the whole of commercial and official Shanghai was represented among the callers at the new branch. All the other banks sent representatives, as did foreign, Japanese and Chinese Chambers of Commerce, commercial firms generally, and the various Consulates. Mr. Hashimoto estimated that 400 Japanese and foreigners and about 600 Chinese partook of his hospitality. The bank is prepared to undertake all kinds of banking business and is to be listed as one of the "exchange banks." This bank is one of five Japanese Government banks and was organised a few years ago for operation in Korea and Manchuria. A branch was opened last autumn at Tientsin. It is yet undecided whether silver notes will be issued here; there is a possibility that the bank may undertake to open gold accounts.

Carnegie Endowments.
 The Carnegie United Kingdom Trust, in the fourth annual report submitted to the trustees at Danfermline, states that the Endowment Fund, originally £2,600,000 Fifty-year Five per Cent. Gold Bonds of the United States Steel Corporation, has now been converted into War Stock, 1922-47, of the value of £2,492,510, the cost of which was £2,387,900. The Executive Committee are pressing forward with definite schemes to enhance the physical welfare of mothers and children, and have decided to adopt an experimental policy covering the next few years; to stimulate the movement as a whole. They will erect and equip buildings for six infant welfare centres, in urban areas in the United Kingdom, comprising an Infant Clinic, Pre-Natal Clinic, School for Mothers and Nursery, and staff accommodation, the buildings to be maintained by the local authority by local rates and Imperial grants. The following places have accepted the trustees' offer of assistance:—Birmingham, Liverpool, Rhondda, Shoreditch, Motherwell, and Dublin. The committee have decided to provide two Central Institutes—one in London and one in Edinburgh. Important progress has been made with the scheme for the publication of musical compositions by British composers. Of the 136 works sent in last year six are being published; the composers being E. L. Binnett, Granville-Bantock, F. B. Ide, H. Howells, Sir O. V. Stanford, and R. Vaughan Williams. The Committee approve of the idea of a central Lending Library of Music, which might comprise a Bureau of Advice, for the use of proprietors, and choirs. To this bureau all progressive choral and orchestral societies, including provincial schools of music, might be affiliated, receiving grants upon change shows. No practical steps can be taken until after the war, but the committee will welcome constructive criticism.

NOTICES.

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Happy-hearted Dance

Music to brighten up dull evenings



Selections of all the modern dances

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Perhaps one is doing more work than the other.

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN
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We Hold Stocks of:—

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PERCHLORIDE OF MERCURY, in wholesale quantities.

For Prices Apply to:—

W. G. HUMPHREYS
& CO.

5, DUDELL STREET.

COURT PROTECTS
LUNATIC.

New York, March 10.—The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court decided yesterday that if a man who has been adjudged a lunatic attends an auction sale and buys more than two-thirds of the articles sold at exorbitant prices, most of which are of not the slightest use to him, the concern conducting the auction must refund the money in a suit brought in behalf of the lunatic. The court heard a suit of Mrs. Winifred McCarthy, a committee of the property of her husband, James O. McCarthy, a former dealer in builders' materials, to recover \$1,706 paid by Mr. McCarthy to the Bowling Green Storage and Van Company, which conducted a sale of property stored and not redeemed by the owners, on March 4, 1915. The property purchased by Mr. McCarthy included a furrier's ice box, automobile body, two iron safes, both blown open and of no value as safes; burrass; couches; beds; miscellaneous articles of furniture; bundles of books and clothing, more than fifty bolts of cloth and a number of trunks.

The testimony showed that many persons attending the auction kept on bidding up the articles offered because they knew McCarthy would outbid them and thus he paid extravagant prices for everything. The cost of carrying his purchases home was \$70. He had been adjudged incompetent in 1905, and in the next fifteen years spent more than \$200,000 he had received as his share of enterprises in which he was interested. He had control of his property and his wife was not appointed executrix until a month after the auction. Mrs. McCarthy testified that she had all the articles purchased by her husband resold at auction after she got control of his property, and the net sum she received for articles costing \$1,706 was \$135. Her attorney asked to allow the defendant \$200 on any judgment recovered against the storage company, and the Appellate Division gave judgment for the full amount less this sum.

A Unique List action.
 Mr. J. W. Ollacher has been elected a member of the French Municipal Council. This is the first American to be given a seat on that body.

Prepaid Advertisements.

ONE CENT PER WORD
FOR EACH INSERTION.

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TO BE LET.—No. 3, CANTON Villas, Kowloon. Apply to:—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

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TO BE LET.—HOUSES on Shamoon, CANTON.

Apply to:—THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

TO BE LET.—A FLAT in Nathan Road, Kowloon. FOUR ROOMED-HOUSES in Kowloon.

Apply to:—HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD., Alexandra Buildings.

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WANTED.—FURNISHED ROOMS or FLAT for two bachelors, higher levels preferred. Apply Box 1386 c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

WANTED.—Two MARINE ENGINEERS with shop experience to act as Workshop Foremen, also a Foreman Marine Boiler-maker and a Foreman Ship Carpenter to take up duties in Shanghai. Address all communications to Z. Y. X. c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

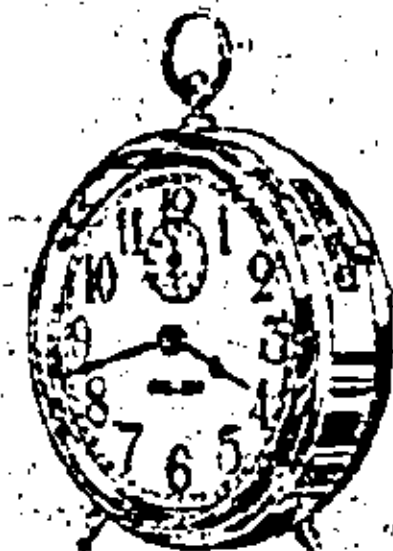
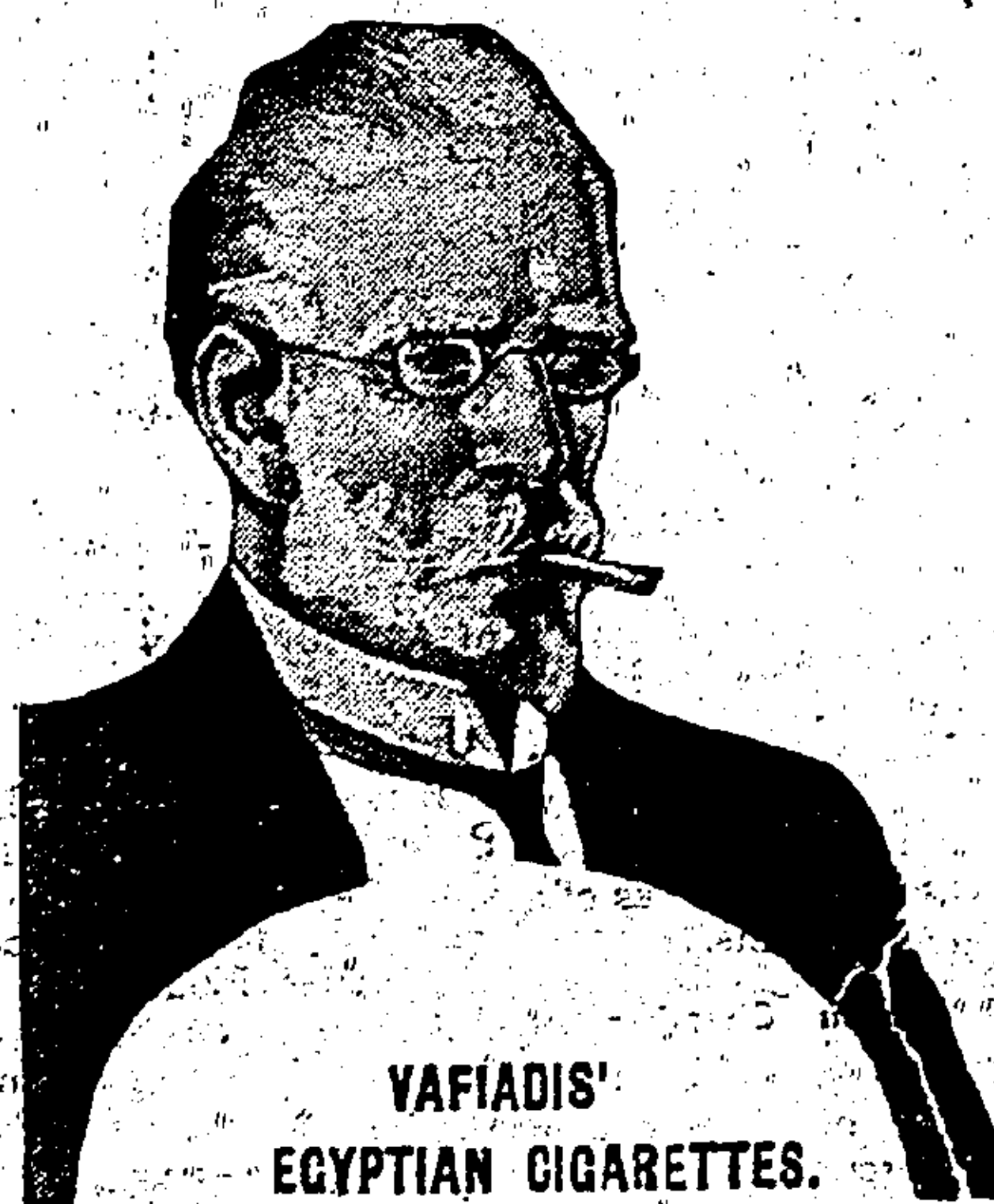
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FOR SALE.—TUSCULUM, Barker Road, 155 Peak apply DUNCAN CLARK, c/o Lane, Crawford & Co.

NOTICES.

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THE No. 1 ALARM CLOCK
SOLD EVERYWHEREVAFIADIS'
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

Imperial Bouquet per Crown Prince	100	45.30
"	100	4.65
"	50	2.35
"	10	.50
Extra Fine (Grand Format)	50	2.35
Nectar	50	2.35
Vildiz	25	1.10
Club Size	10	.40
Non Plus Ultra	100	3.60
"	50	1.85
"	20	.75
Superfine	100	2.40
"	50	1.20

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KOMOR'S

We have so much confidence in our LUCKY NUMBERS that we GUARANTEE A PRIZE in every 6 "SPILLS" you buy at our Store. If no prize is found in 6 "SPILLS" purchased at our Store, we will give you a prize from our stock worth AT LEAST \$1.00.

KOMOR & KOMOR,
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HIMROD'S
 Gives Instant Relief
 No matter what your cough, croup, asthma, influenza, nasal catarrh, or ordinary cough.
 You will find it the most reliable remedy a cough remedy ever. It is pleasant, and it is safe.
 Sold in all drug stores.
CURE FOR ASTHMA

NOTICES.

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"AERTEX" CELLULAR
UNDERWEAR
FOR MENTHE HEALTHIEST AND MOST COMFORTABLE
CLOTHING FOR THE SUMMER.

SINGLE & DOUBLE

-- TERAI HATS --
MADE EXPRESSLY-- FOR --
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EXTREMELY LIGHT IN WEIGHT AND PERFECTLY SUN PROOF DISTINCTLY SMART IN APPEARANCE AND IDEAL FOR SPORTS USE.

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HAS BEEN USED WITH CONSPICUOUS SUCCESS IN THE TREATMENT OF PNEUMONIA, BRONCHITIS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, BOILS, BURNS, AND IN ALL INFLAMMATORY CONDITIONS WHERE LOCAL TREATMENT IS REQUIRED.

ANTISEPTIC AND ANTIPHLOGISTIC

Easy to use and Entirely supersedes the old fashioned LINSEED POULTICES, BLISTERS, PLASTERS, Etc.

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NOTICES.

THE HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA WAR SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.

APPLICATION forms for Membership of the above Association may be obtained from all the Banks or from the undersigned.

THE UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

Honorary Secretaries & Treasurers.

Hongkong, 15th January, 1917.

NOTICES.

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HEPPELL'S FLY SPRAY

Will permeate the atmosphere of your rooms, and kill all flies, mosquitoes and disease germs. Harmless and of pleasant odour. Outlets consisting of atomizer and bottle of fluid, price \$6.00 net.

Extra bottles of fluid \$2.00
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Specialized Massage

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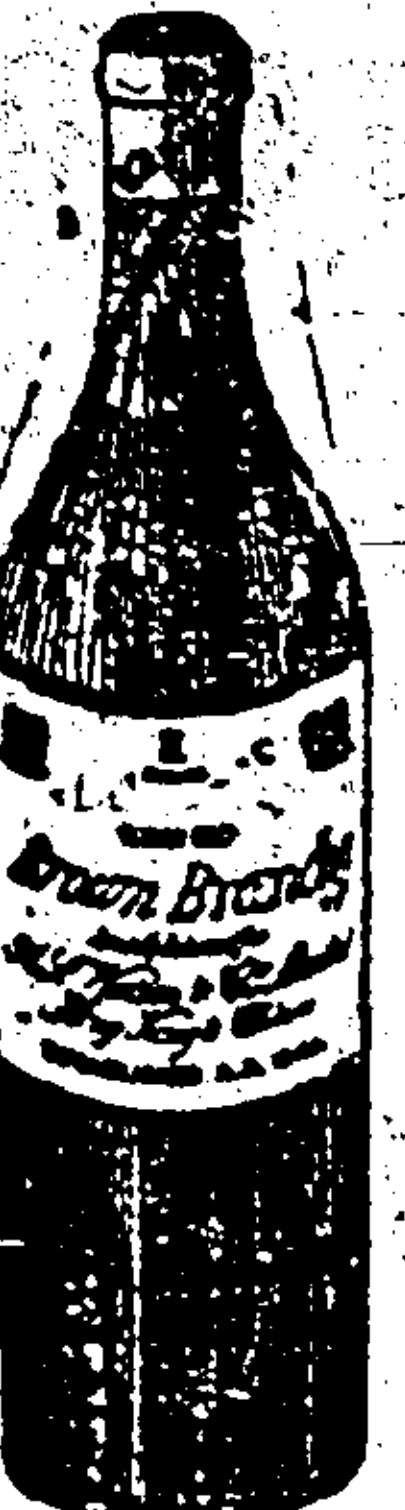
IF REFERRED BY

DR. J. C. GILBERT, 10, DES VOEUX ROAD, CENTRAL.

M. MANUK

Secretary.

Dated 4th day of April, 1918.



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BROWN BRANDY
25 YEARS IN WOOD.
A.S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
TELEPHONE NO. 616.

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All communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Editor.
Business correspondence should be sent to the Manager.

Cable Address: Telegraph, Hongkong.

Telephone: No. 1 A.B.C. 5th edition. Western Union
Office address: 11, Ice House St.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1918.

GERMANY'S TREATMENT OF BELGIUM.

Mr. Balfour, in his speech delivered at the dinner given in honour of the Anglo-Belgian Delegates in London last week, did well to remind the world what German occupation of Belgium really meant. Despite the specious promises of Germany she has systematically despoiled Belgium ever since her occupation of the greater part of that country—carried out, in fact, a ruthless campaign upon her economic progress with a view to crippling her future prosperity as far as she possibly can. With the usual hypocrisy carried out by the Huns it was given out that their occupation of Belgium was wholly military and that they had no intention of despoiling the country in any way, and were, in fact, in certain contingencies, prepared to evacuate it so that it might be restored to its rightful owners. It is now quite clear, from Mr. Balfour's statement, that Germany had resolved that if ever the time came for her to evacuate Belgium, she would do so only after she had perpetrated all the injury to Belgium that she possibly could.

As Mr. Balfour stated Germany's infamous treatment of Belgium in the early days of the war would be for ever an indelible blot on German history. Posterity will read with disgust of the many atrocities and acts of vandalism committed by the Huns in their attempt to subjugate Belgium. The villanies committed at Liege, Louvain, Aerschot and at many other places in Belgium while the country was being defended bravely by its gallant army will ever remain among the most terrible crimes that can be brought home to the door of the Huns. These have been fully exposed in the record prepared by the commission headed by Lord Bryce, and are beyond dispute. It was thought that with such an indictment hanging over their heads the Huns would be careful not to add to their already black record. But what do we find? We find that in their treatment of Belgium during the past few years Germany has, in the words of Mr. Balfour, subjected Belgium to a "system of slow torture," more horrible than the outrages of the invading army. With a callousness that is probably unparalleled in the history of the world, the Huns have deliberately set themselves to ruin the trade, manufactures and industrial capacity of the Belgians, towards whom they had pledged themselves by treaty to protect. Of course the Germans have long since proved themselves to be false either to their verbal or their written pledge, just as they have proved themselves to be thoroughly unscrupulous in every respect. They have, in fact, exultantly declared that if peace were to come to-morrow it would be many months at the latest estimate before Belgian intelligence, capital, industry and enterprise would again interfere with German rivals. To this cold blooded declaration, it is to be added the further indictment that the Huns have stripped Belgium of everything in the way of plant, raw material and the machinery of production on which industry depends.

It is indeed a most damaging indictment that Mr. Balfour has brought against Germany, and that it is in no way exaggerated may be safely concluded. Belgium, before the war, was among the leading European nations as regards mining and other industries and manufactures, and, as our Foreign Secretary points out, nothing can exceed Germany's cynicism in the manner which she has set about to effect the ruin of Belgian industry. As Mr. Balfour says it is the business of the Allies to remedy so gross a wrong, and his assurance that what could be done by Great Britain and America would be done may be confidently relied upon.

The Clergy and Man Power.

It is with a considerable amount of satisfaction that we have read the Bishop's message regarding the Bishops of Lincoln, Salisbury, Chichester and Bristol having written to the Times protesting against the exclusion of the clergy from the Man Power Bill, for it marks an attitude on the part of the ecclesiastical dignitaries which is far more in conformity with the spirit of the age than was the attitude of the church as a whole when the first Conscription Bill was going through Parliament. There was then quite a keen controversy raised at Home as to whether a man who had been ordained should or should not be called upon to fight for the principles of humanity and righteousness just as much as other men in the community, but the end of it all was that the clergy were made exempt from application of the measure. The fine manner in which many ministers of religion came forward as Chaplains, and the heroic work they have done at the front, has in great measure saved the reputation of the Church, but it is to be regretted that the new Bill has been framed on the lines of its predecessor, and not made service of some form or another compulsory. The problem of whether the Church has kept pace with social development is too long to be gone into here, but the letter to the Times noted above is a very healthy sign, and one that should give no little satisfaction.

Hongkong's Bathing Facilities.

The letter we published on Saturday relative to the bathing facilities to be provided this year by the Government comes as a timely reminder that there is something needed in addition to what prevailed last year. The facilities for bathing in Hongkong can in no degree be termed adequate, for those not in a position to enjoy launch trips have to be content with very rough and ready accommodation. The North Point beach last year proved to be more popular than for many years past, and, as "Bather" points out in his letter, the facilities were nearly always inadequate to cope with the large numbers attending. The provision of better and more suitable accommodation should be seriously considered by the powers that be, and the suggestion that a special shed be erected in which booths could be rented is one that is well worth attention. At all events, it is to be hoped that the cleansing of the beach and the erection of a bamboo pier will be but the preliminaries of sufficient and desirable dressing accommodation.

The Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock interested himself in this matter last year with a considerable measure of success, and, if the same gentleman or one of the other unofficial members of the Legislative Council would raise the question in the proper quarters, he will earn the thanks of a large body of residents.

Shanghai British Chamber of Commerce.

The doings of Chambers of Commerce throughout the Far East are always interesting. We know how very interesting the meeting of the Hongkong Chamber proves to be every year, and it is therefore very pleasant to hear of the work which the Shanghai British Chamber of Commerce has accomplished during the past year. This Chamber is quite a young body, but it appears to have made considerable progress, for the record of membership shows a satisfying increase. The results of much of the work it has accomplished, of course, will not be seen at present, but there is not the slightest doubt that it will bear fruit in the near future. The idea is mooted of a permanent exhibition of British manufactures in China. This is a capital move, and though it may not be possible to put the idea into practical form at present, everyone will hope that when a favourable opportunity arises, the scheme will not be forgotten. It is very satisfactory to note that the Chamber is consulted by the Home Government for expert opinion of trade in that part of China. The Shanghai British Chamber is doing a fine work now, but it is safe to say that its value will be more than ever demonstrated at a later day.

DAY BY DAY.

MEET STRUGGLE FOR SOMETHING FOR THE INNER MAN: WOMEN STRUGGLE FOR SOMETHING FOR THE OUTER WOMAN.

To-morrow's Anniversary.
To-morrow, St. George's Day, is the anniversary of the birth of General Sir E. Allenby, the commander in Chief of the British Forces on the Palestine Front.

The Dollar.
The opening rate of the dollar on demand to-day was \$s. 134 d.

Spotted Fever.
For the twenty-four hours ending April 20th, seven cases of spotted fever were notified, all of which occurred in the City of Victoria. The number of deaths were seven. The number of cases being Chinese. Two non-fatal cases of diphtheria (Chinese), and one case of bacillary plague (Chinese), were also reported.

Father Prosecutes Son.
Mr. R. C. Keithfull appeared before Mr. Dyer Ball, at the Police Court this morning, to prosecute in a case in which a Chinese, now staying at Swatow, charged his son and his concubine with stealing property valued at \$100. It appears that another son was sent to Hongkong to find the defendant, and had him arrested on Saturday night. In order to allow of the attendance of the father, his Worship adjourned the case until Saturday morning next, at eleven o'clock.

Alleged Embezzlement.

A shop fook, employed at Sham Shui Po, was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Magistracy this morning, with embezzling money belonging to his employer. Mr. F. X. D'Almeida appeared to prosecute and Mr. Agnew defended. It was stated that the prosecution alleges that the man collected \$53 on behalf of the firm and only paid in \$20. Several days later the discrepancy was discovered and the defendant was arrested at Yau-mat. The case was adjourned, bail being granted in \$500.

Smuggling Morphine.

At the Magistracy this morning, before Mr. J. R. Wood, a Chinese was charged with possessing eight ounces of morphine, valued at \$45, without a permit. It appeared that Sergeant Fylen was engaged in searching on the s.s. Heung-shan early this morning when he saw the defendant moving about in a suspicious manner. He followed him and on making a search found the morphine in two packets. Defendant's excuse was that a stranger had given him the packets to mind. A fine of \$1,000 or six months' hard labour was imposed.

Unlawful Possession of Arms.

Before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Police Court this morning, three Chinese were charged with the unlawful possession of arms and ammunition. Mr. F. X. D'Almeida appeared for the defendants. It was stated by Inspector Gordon that the defendants were junk people, and were searched coming from Chinese waters. The junk was very similar to one that had been reported as having committed a number of piracies. He wanted to make further enquiries. The defendants were remanded until Monday next, bail being fixed at \$500 each for first two defendants and \$250 for the third.

Fire on the s.s. Shun Lee.

On Saturday a serious fire broke out at Kwong Hoi on the s.s. Shun Lee, a river boat belonging to Chai Woo Yick & Co. Company which plies between Hongkong and Wanchow. The boat was loaded with a general cargo at the time. How the fire broke out appears to be a mystery, all that is known, apparently being that in the early hours of the morning a dense cloud of smoke was seen to be issuing from amidships, and although Captain Brown, who was in charge, did his utmost to organise the crew to quell the flames, and though a good deal was done in this direction, the fire gained headway and shortly after the vessel had to be left. The vessel began to sink, and by 8 a.m. nothing was showing above the water but the funnel. So far as can be ascertained there was no loss of life. The ship was insured.

LOCAL SPORT.

SATURDAY'S FOOTBALL.

Navy v. A. Military XI.

Played on the Club ground at 5.0 p.m. Mr. Byrne having charge of the game.
The teams were as follows—
Navy.—Crocker, Crocker, Biggs, Ope, Brotherwood, Smith, Clarke, Llewellyn, Laxon, McNiven, Travis.
Military.—Turner, Fieber, Dickenson, Townsend, Smith, Horrop, Strange, Gratton, Green, Pascoe, Sayer.
Considering the heat the pace throughout was very fast. The Navy kicked off, and McNiven was early in the picture with two good attempts at goal. The Military team took up the running, and Strange got away and put in a nice centre, but the forwards were not up far enough to take advantage. The Soldiers were now having most of the game, but their shooting was weak, and Crocker in goal had an easy time. McNiven, always a dangerous man, was well held by Horrop, who was playing a splendid spoiling game, giving his opponent very little scope. Clarke got away on the Navy right, only to be robbed by Fieber, when in close proximity of the soldiers' goal. Just before half time, Smith put the ball well forward. Crocker came out of goal, and a race ensued between he and Pascoe for the ball. The latter, by his fast pace, obtained the ball, and with a fine long oblique shot, found an open goal. Half time—Military XI 1, Navy 0.
Play in the second half went still in favour of the soldiers, but they found Biggs and Crocker at back too strong for them, Crocker not being called upon to do much work. Strange had some nice chances on the right wing, but he did not take advantage of his good pace, his opponent invariably getting the best of the exchanges. At the other end, Turner was called upon to deal with shots from Llewellyn and Laxon, which he did in masterly fashion. Dickenson, the R. G. A. back, was in fine form, and his powerful kicking gave his forwards many chances. Sayer got through the defence nicely, but should have centred earlier. When the whistle sounded for time, the soldiers were still pressing.

Result.—Military XI 1, Navy 0.

A collection was made for St. George's Day Fair.

The last 2nd Division match, South China Athletic v. St. Joseph's College, unfortunately had to be postponed.

CRICKET.

Queen's College v. University.

At the University Sports Ground, Pokfulam Road, on Saturday, Queen's College Past and Present beat University chiefly owing to the good batting of Ramjahn and Bird, the latter reaching his century. Marley batted well for his side. Key, unfortunately, was unable to trundle owing to a strained leg, but Fletcher filled the breach admirably and assisted greatly in the victory. The scores follow:

Queen's College.

F. J. de Rome, l.b.w., b Marley 1
A. H. Romjahn, c Ng Sze Kwong, b Braysbay 111
O. Chos, b Marley 11
M. H. Abbas, c and b Wright 20
R. E. O. Bird, at Braysbay, b Fane 25
J. C. Fletcher, c Wright, b Fane 0
E. J. Edwards, c and b Braysbay 5
S. A. Ismail, j, b Marley 7
S. A. Ismail, sr, c Hall, b Braysbay 5
W. Kay, not out 15
A. A. Ramjahn, b Marley 10
Extras 8
Total 209

Bowling.

O. M. R. W.
Braysbay 16 0 51 3
Marley 13 2 47 4
Ng Sze Kwong 8 1 35 0
Wright 3 0 23 1
Fane 3 0 15 2

POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Orders issued to-day by Mr. F. C. Jackson, O.B.E., state:—

Summer Uniform.
Summer Uniform is to be worn on all duties, day and night.
Equipment Parades.

All ranks will attend at Headquarters Office as detailed below:—
Men on duty on the date allocated to their Sections will attend at such subsequent dates as are specified in these Orders.
Uniform, Car with covers to be worn. Rifle, Ammunition, Truncheons, Whistles, Chains, Armbands and Belts to be produced for inspection by those in possession of same.

The first named Unit will attend at 5.15 p.m. and second named unit at 5.45 p.m.

Tuesday, April 23rd—No. 11 Section and No. 12 Section.

Wednesday, April 24th—No. 13 Section and No. 14 Section.

Thursday, April 25th—No. 15 Section and No. 16 Section.

Friday, April 26th—5.15 p.m.—all members of N. 1, 2 and 3 Companies who have unable by reason of duty, to attend on previous dates.

Monday, April 29th—Staff and Mounted Police.

Tuesday, April 30th—Bagpipers and Drummers and Band and Orchestras.

Wednesday, May 1st.—Ambulance Platoon, and all ranks, including Medical Exempts, who have not previously attended.

By Order,
T. F. Hoog, A.S.P.R.

April 22nd, 1918.

Hong Kong "Blaisy" Meeting, 1918.

Representative teams of four men from the Naval, Military, and Police Services are again being invited to meet in a Team and Individual Shoot to be run by the Hongkong Police Reserve on Friday, May 24th next. Empire D.

His Excellency the Governor has again offered a silver cup for event.

Invitations are being sent to the following:—Royal Navy, Royal Marine Light Infantry and Naval Yard Police; Royal Garrison Artillery; Royal Engineers; Staff and Departments (Army); 25th Middlesex; 18th Infantry; 74th Panchis; Hongkong Defence Corps; Hongkong Police and Wardens; D. O. Yard D. Corps. The Hongkong Police Reserve will also enter a Team. Shooting will take place as under:—

200 Deliberate—7 rounds and sighter.

200 Snaphooting—5 rounds.

200 Rapid—10 rounds in 45 seconds.

500 Deliberate—7 and sighter.

600 Deliberate—7 and sighter.

The conditions are being printed and copies will be sent to the units above mentioned.

A meeting will be held at the Police Reserve Headquarters Club, Prince's Buildings, at 5.30 p.m. on Friday 26th April, to receive any suggestions offered as to the Conditions governing the previous similar competitions. Representatives from each of the units are cordially invited to attend.

Possession of Opium.

For being in possession of eighteen tins of prepared opium a Chinese was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood, at the Police Court this morning. The drug was said defendant, given him by a friend at Annam, bring to Hongkong. His Worship imposed a fine of \$1,200, or six months' hard labour.

University.

G. E. Marley, c Ismail, b Fletcher 77

W. J. Binton, c sub, b Bird 7

Ng Sze Kwong, b de Rome 8

J. D. Wright, c Ismail, b Fletcher 8

W. Hall, c Ismail, b Fletcher 28

K. Braysbay, run out 24

R. Ponsonby, Fane, not out 27

W. Gittens, b Ramjahn, b Fletcher 10

Chut Sin Ksh, b Fletcher 2

Lee Tsing Kang, c Edwards, b Fletcher 4

Hung Ho Chin, b Fletcher 1

Extras 3

Total 158

O. M. R. W.

Braysbay 11 1 63 1

Bird 10 1 56 1

Fletcher 9 0 38 7

TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

In capturing Jericho General Allenby's troops have trespassed on a portion of the Sultan's private estate. It has always proved a difficult city to defend, since its dramatic fall before the Omrah offensive of Joshua. One excuse for its frequent defeats has been urged in the humidity of its atmosphere, the town lying in a hollow, but that circumstance could hardly account for the collapse of the walls. Many theories have been advanced to obtain credence for the Biblical account, some asserting that the English version is too drastic, that the walls merely gave way under the continued shock of tramping hosts, sufficiently to make a breach. Another view is that the walls, "high and fenced up to heaven," toppled over of their own weight, under that steady tramp of armed men.

Jericho's palm groves and gardens of balsam were presented by Antony to Cleopatra, and were farmed for her until Herod the Great bought them and made himself a country seat there. In the neighbourhood of Jericho the famous Knights Templars founded their Order, with a nucleus of nine knights banded together in defence of the thousands of pilgrims who went down to bathe in the Jordan.

With blast of horn did Joshua go Against the wall of Jericho; Tommy contrives to overthrow it. With his familiar cry, "O, blow it!"

And victory bids us hail this morn By flowing Tommy Atkins' horn.

A. W.

The declaration of war against Austria by the United States has naturally affected the position of Fritz Kreisler, the distinguished violinist, who had for some months previously been playing to large audiences in various American cities. Some of the American papers have lately described him as an Austrian officer on furlough who was sending to his comfort to enemy army, the money he raised by his concerts. Mr. Kreisler has now replied to these critics in a vigorous open letter. At the outbreak of the war, he says, he served for six weeks as a reserve officer of the Austrian army on the Russian front, and, after being wounded, was pronounced an invalid and honourably discharged from any further service. There has been no attempt by his Government to recall him to the colours.

As to the money he has been sending to Austria, the bulk of his earnings has gone to a brotherhood of distressed artists, regardless of nationality, which he himself founded. "For fully three years," he says, "my contributions were the sole and unique support of seventeen British, Russian, French, and Italian artists and their entire families, who found themselves stranded and utterly destitute in Austria at the outbreak of the war. I have been bitterly and violently attacked by Chauvinists in Vienna for diverting my earnings to that channel." The declaration of war has, of course, stopped the sending of these contributions. "The ironical aspect of the situation," he adds, "is that some three scores of British, French, Russian, and Italian children may now be actually dying of want because I, technically their enemy, am prevented by the laws of this country, their friend and ally, from saving them."

In connection with the elevation of Sir John Forrest, the well-known Australian statesman, to the peerage, the Executive Committee of the New South Wales Political Labour League has passed a resolution expressing its strong resentment at any attempt to establish a hereditary aristocracy in Australia, adding the hope that the first Australian lord may prove to be the last.

Shanghai Gas Co. Dividend.

The 1917 dividend of the Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd., has been fixed at 2.50 per cent, based on the rate of five per cent of the paid-up capital.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE MUNITION WORKERS.

The King's Appreciation.

London, April 20.

The Press Bureau states that the King has expressed his high approval of the extensions of the Munitions Ministry, officials, employers and munition workers, during this critical time. His Majesty states he has learned that practically all losses and expenditure of munitions during the battle have already been made good without undue depletion of reserves. There are now actually more serviceable guns, machine-guns and aeroplanes at the front than on the eve of the offensive, and all other supplies are abundant.

THE EXPORT OF CEMENT.

The Government Committee's Investigations.

London, April 20.

The Government Committee appointed to investigate the export of cement from the United Kingdom to Holland, which it was recently asserted was re-exported to Holland to Belgium where it was utilised for German defences and particularly pillboxes, reports that the evidence does not substantiate the alleged re-export and further points out that such British export does not advantage Germany by releasing cement for military purposes instead of supplying Holland because Germany's cement resources are most ample. The Committee recommends the continuance of British export to Holland as mutually beneficial.

BRITISH WORKERS BUSY.

Strikes Reduced to a Minimum.

London, April 20.

The Home Secretary, speaking at Kingston on Thames, said that since the great offensive began the workers had joined up in greater numbers than ever and the effect on strikes of which we used to hear so much and now heard so little was to reduce them to the smallest. The total lost time among war workers through strikes was really in twelve months about 25 per cent of the total.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Bright Prospects Predicted.

Cairo, April 20.

The Acting Financial Adviser, Sir W. E. Brunsyde, has issued his note for the 1918 Budget. He refers to the progress of cotton cultivation, and the difficulties of fuel supplies, mainly overcome by the development of the Red Sea oil-fields and the very valuable discovery whereby gas is distilled from vegetable refuse. Hurgada oilfield, discovered in 1914, is turning out fifteen thousand tons monthly. The balance of trade for the three and a half years represents an addition to Egypt's capital resources of fifty million Egyptian pounds. Sir W. E. Brunsyde's note leaves the best impression as to the present position and future prospects of Egypt.

IRELAND AND CONSCRIPTION.

Nationalists Organising Opposition.

London, April 21.

A conference of fifty-five Nationalist Commissioners at Dublin presided over by Mr. Dillon decided to remain in Ireland to organise the opposition against conscription. Fifteen hundred trade union delegates at a meeting at Dublin Mansion House pledged resistance to conscription and fixed April 23 as the day for stoppage of all work to enable workers to sign the pledge.

THE MAN-POWER PROBLEM.

Exemptions Cancelled.

London, April 21.

A Royal Proclamation cancels exemptions to men from nineteen to twenty-three, granted by tribunals or Government Departments. There are certain exceptions, chiefly doctors, and certificates are granted for the collieries, recruiting and the Courts.

INDIA'S LOYALTY.

What India Can Yet Supply.

London, April 20.

The Indian National Congress telegraphed to Mr. Lloyd George and the Viceroy: "The Prime Minister's stirring message to India and the Viceroy's hearty response are entirely in accord with Indian sentiment. Youths whether Irish or Indian must be made to feel that they are not fighting to establish a principle abroad which is not applied to them. India alone can supply five to ten millions of men. Our league would be willing to work and place our humble resources at the disposal of the Government therefor."

CANTON NEWS.

Our Canton correspondent, writing on April 21, says:—

The news published by the well-known paper *Cu Ngan Po* to the effect that Luk Wing Ting had died of "vomiting blood" and for which the paper was suppressed by the order of the Tachun is said to have been received from the Military Government.

After the Military Government appointed a superintendent to the Canton Hankow Railway Coy., the Tachun, also appointed another one to the same post. At present the Company is under two superintendents.

The Commander in Chief in the West has reported that Koochow, Mou Ming and Fa Yuen have been recaptured by the Canton troops, with 100 prisoners and 3 guns.

Li Kwok Ting, the chief commander in Sz-chuen, has telegraphed to the authority strongly protesting the proposal that Sun Yat Sen will concurrently discharge president's duty.

Tong Chi-yao, Tachun of Yunnan has wired to all the authorities of the south-east province proposing that a Union Government should be formed with Wu Tsin-fang as Premier, Tong Shin-ye as Financial Secretary, Luk Wing-ting as Military Secretary, and Lam Po-yik as Naval Minister, while Sun Yat-sen, owing to the fact that his name is most respected by Foreign countries should go round to various powers to enlist their sympathy.

The Tachun has written to the Canton Hankow Railway Coy., to the effect that owing to the financial necessities of the Central Government the sum of \$1,700,000 and about half a million due to the Canton Bank by the Company should be paid over to the Tachun's office. A reply to this order has to be sent in within three days.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

Saturday's Results.

There was quite a deal of play on Saturday afternoon in connection with the Hongkong Cricket Club's Tennis Tournament, a large crowd enjoying the many good matches seen. In the Championship Singles between F. E. Joelsand and Wong Po-Keung a great struggle was seen. Joelsand lost the first two sets, but by dint of careful play took the next two. It was getting too dark to complete the final set and thus the pair will have to play over again. There was also some very good doubles play. The full results were:—

Open Championship Singles:—F. E. Joelsand v Wong Po-Keung. Game unfinished.

Open Championship Doubles: A. B. Crook and L. Forster beat R. O. Wyckell and S. G. Thompson: 6-3 4-6 8-4 3-6-1.

Handicap Singles "A":—H. J. Verney (rec 15) beat E. R. Thomas (rec 3/8) 6-2, 6-3; S. E. Green (rec 30/3) beat W. J. Morrison (rec 15/2) 6-2, 6-3.

Handicap Singles "B":—R. M. Henderson beat G. H. Piercy 6-1, 6-3.

Handicap Doubles: H. Hancock and R. Hancock (owe 15/3) beat F. W. Orr and Captain Milner Jones (owe 3/8) 6-4, 6-3; H. A. Nichol and Major Hammond (owe 15) beat J. A. Ridgway and N. J. Austin (rec. 15) 6-2, 6-2.

"The Witness for the Defence." The curtain will rise punctually at 9.15 p.m. to-morrow night and on the succeeding nights of "The Witness for the Defence," the powerful play by A. E. W. Mason. The audience is particularly requested to be seated in good time as the interest of the play commences immediately with the rise of the curtain. The performance will terminate about 11.30 p.m., after which there will be an auction of the furniture and fittings used on the stage. Repeat performances will be given on Thursday and Saturday of this week, commencing each evening at 9.15 p.m. Booking is now proceeding at Montrose.

Snatcher Heavily Sentenced. At the Police Court this morning, before Mr. Dyer Ball, a Chinese, was charged with attempting to snatch a bag from Mrs. Thomas, of Wyndham Street, on Saturday evening. Evidence was given by Mrs. Thomas to the effect that she was passing the Wyndham Hotel when the defendant came up behind her and attempted to snatch the bag she was carrying. She called out and a Portuguese, who was coming up the hill in a cab, chased the man and caught him. Mr. S. A. Marcel, of Moraga Junction deposed to chasing the man, and catching him by the top of D'Agular Street. The defendant said that he only knocked against the complainant accidentally. His Worship sentenced the man to three months' hard labour.

Alleged Extensive Share Frauds. The three Portuguese, L. Carneiro, L. Lemos and R. P. Carneiro, wanted in connexion with the alleged extensive share frauds which were discovered in December last, and who went to Japan, were brought back to Shanghai arriving on Saturday last, says the *N. C. Daily News* of the 15th instant. They arrived on board the Y-mehiro Maru in the charge of Detective Nakagawa of the Shanghai Municipal Police Force and were taken to the British gaol where they have been lodged awaiting their appearance before the Portuguese Consular Court. The preliminary hearing is not expected to take place until the arrival of the Portuguese public prosecutor from Macao.

(The attack on the Portuguese Consul is referred to in another part of this issue.)

THE TROUBLE IN THE INTERIOR is quickly remedied by Pinkettes, the little gentle-as-nature laxative which neither gripe nor purge.

dispel Constipation; Blisters; sick-heads; regulate the liver; clear the complexion and aid the appetite. Of chemists, also post free 60 cents the vial from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 South-chuan Road, Shanghai.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

SAUSAGES.

SAUSAGES.

A Variety to suit all tastes

OXFORD SAUSAGES.

CAMBRIDGE "

PORK "

BEEF "

&c.,

LIVER SAUSAGES.

BOLOONE, HEAD CHEESE.

BLACK PUDDING.

WHITE "

&c.,

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. GEO. P. LAMMERT has received instructions to sell by Public Auction

ON

TUESDAY

the 14th day of May, 1918, at 3 o'clock in the AFTERNOON, at his Sales Room in Duddell Street Victoria, Hongkong.

THE VERY VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY.

situate in Barker Road at The Peak and comprising those pieces or parcels of ground registered in the Land Office as RURAL BUILDING LOT NUMBER 70 and CROWN LOT NUMBER 24 together with the attractive residential house thereon known as

"TUSCULUM"

and garden tennis court thereto attached

IN ONE LOT

Rural Building Lot No. 70 contains an area of 29793 square feet and is held under a Crown Lease for 75 years.

Garden Lot No. 24 contains an area of 7800 square feet and is held under a Crown Lease for 21 years.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

MESSES DEACON LOOKER, DEACON & HARSTON, 1, Des Voeux Road, Central.

Vendors' Solicitors, or

to MR. GEO. P. LAMMERT, The Auctioneer, Hongkong, 22nd April, 1918.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From U.S.A. JAPAN and SHANGHAI.

THE Motorship

"JUTLANDIA."

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 31st inst. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined 29th inst. at 10 a.m.

Claims against the steamer must be presented within 10 days of arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatsoever.

Bills of Lading will be counter signed by

THORESEN & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd April, 1918.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that the agreement for service between J. M. Xavier and the Hongkong Import & China Produce Export Co. has expired by effluxion of time.

LO AND LO

Solicitors for the ABOVE-NAMED COMPANY.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET—PEAK FURNISHED FLAT, (Complete) for 4 months, June and September, 7 minutes from Tram. Box No. 1387 c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

KOWLOON BOWLING.

GREEN CLUB.

OPENING DAY.

THE above will be held on SATURDAY, 27th April 1918, commencing at 3.30 p.m. when the members will be at home to their friends.

D. S. COOPER, Hon. Secretary.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

SATURDAY

the 27th April, 1918.

at 12 o'clock (noon)

at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.

The Furniture, Fixtures, Goodwill, Stock-in-trade and Book debts of the Yee Cheong Long firm of No. 20, Salt Fish Street, as a going concern in one lot according to the printed Particulars and Conditions of Sale copies of which can be had on application to—

GEO. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

or to

G. R. HAYWOOD, Solicitor.

19, Des Voeux Road, Central.

NOTICE.

WE have this day appointed the China Film Syndicate our Representatives in China, Hongkong and Indo-China for the handling and exploiting TRIANGLE KEYSTONES and TRIANGLE FEATURES (which are copyrighted), for which we hold the Exclusive Rights in the Far East (except Japan and Siberia).

Any Person or Persons, who illicitly import this Brand of Films and exhibit same in the Territories above mentioned, will do so at their risk and peril. Dated this 22nd day of April, 1918.

Australasian Films, Ltd.

Sydney

By their Attorney,

E. R. GOURDEAU.

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FOR THE TENNIS SEASON.

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CELLULAR AND MATT.

SWEATERS
IN ALL SHAPES.

MUFFLERS, SHOES, SOCKS, etc.

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A 5606 PEARIE SILVER HEELS WALTZ TWO-STEP.
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E. V. D. Parr,
Superintendent.

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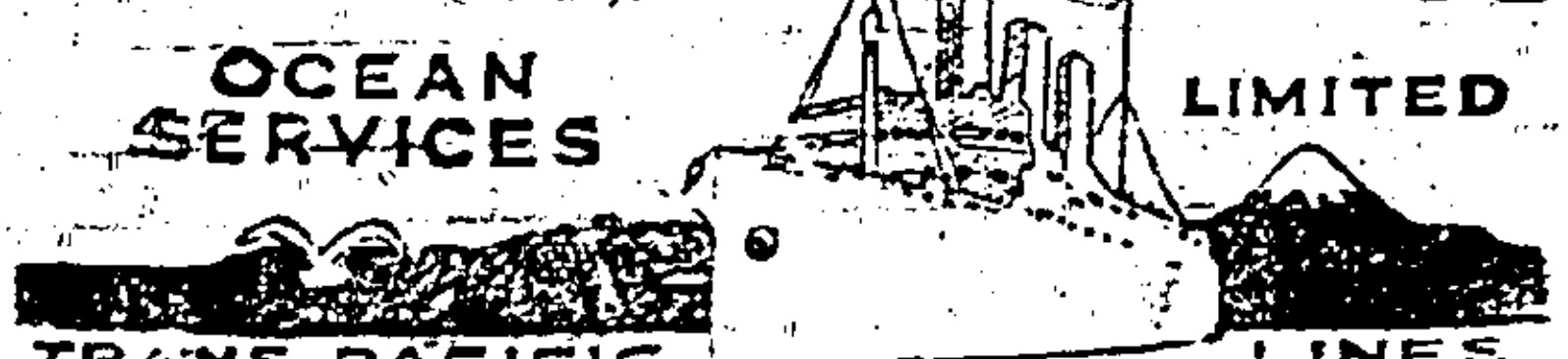
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Sailings from Hongkong at noon.

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Telephone No. 141.

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(JAPAN MAIL S.S. CO.)

Sailings from Hongkong subject to alteration.

Destination.	Steamer & Displacement.	Sailing Dates.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	*Kaga Maru T. 12,500	FRI., 26th Apr. at 11 a.m.
	*Hirano Maru T. 16,000	THURS., 9th May, at 11 a.m.
	*Aki Maru T. 12,500	SUN., 21st Apr. at 11 a.m.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	*Tango Maru T. 13,500	SAT., 18th, May at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	*Bomby Maru T. 8,000	FRIDAY, 26th Apr.
	*Ceylon Maru T. 10,000	MONDAY, 29th Apr.

LONDON OR LIVERPOOL VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, DELAGADAY & CAPE TOWN.

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Next sailings from Hongkong.

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Omitting Manila Eastbound.

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Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamer	Tons	Leave Hongkong
SHINTO MARU	22,000	27th April
KOREA MARU	18,000	24th May
SIBERIA MARU	18,000	8th June
TERYO MARU	22,000	20th June

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HONGKONG TO VALPARAISO VIA JAPAN, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SANTIAGO, BALBOA, CALLAO, ARICA AND IQUIQUE.

THENCE BY TRANS ANDERSON ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

Steamer	Tons	Leave Hongkong
NIPPON MARU	11,000	Middle of May
KIYO MARU	17,000	Early July
ANYO MARU	18,500	Early September

Passengers are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Service, Ltd. and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Passengers may travel by rail between ports of call in Japan free of charge. For full information as to routes, sailings, etc., apply to

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SHANGHAI	Sinkiang	25th Apr. at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Sungkiang	27th Apr. at 3 p.m.

SHANGHAI LINE.—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO.
Excellent Saloon accommodation Amidships; Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms; Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are Landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

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FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHEW AND RETURN.
(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships. Captain. Leaving.

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Haitan ... A. E. Hodgins ... TUES. 30th Apr. at noon.

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(Projected Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Alteration).

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MANILA ... Yuensang
MANILA ... Luongsang
CALCUTTA LINE—Three sailings per month from Hongkong to Calcutta calling at Singapore and Penang.

Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed to Kobe and Moji, temporarily calling at Shanghai. These steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light and carry a fully qualified surgeon. This line is temporarily discontinued owing to the war. Particulars on application.

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Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kadat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau and Lahad Dato.

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Under Straits Government Passport Regulations.

All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlement, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

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SHIPPING NEWS.

The Law's Delay.

"Shipping & Engineering"

complaints of the delay in delivering the judgment of the Court of Appeal into the Royal Mail.

collection. It is pointed out that a month has elapsed since the evidence was concluded and that not so much importance will be attached to the verdict by the general public as it would have been the case if judgment had followed immediately.

Several other articles of interest are included in this issue, among these being America's Shipbuilding, Flimsy Marks on Concrete Ships, Pacific Mail's Co., the World's Coal Supply, etc. There are the usual pages of shipping and engineering notes.

The Freight Situation.

Issued on April 11, the fortnightly freight market report of Messrs. Wheelock & Co. states: "Space to the United Kingdom is still being monopolized by the Government as there is still a lot of contract cargo to go forward which will take another month or so to clear off, and even then it is difficult to say what space will be open for general cargo. Via Pacific—There has been quite a rush of cargo to the United States during the last week, owing to advances received from the American Government through Peking that the importation of certain articles would be restricted after April 15, i.e., that no more consular invoices would be granted after that date for cargo which has not already obtained an import license on the other side. As regards the overland rail rates, there is still no advice as to when the increase will come into force, but details as to rates have been received and the increases in many cases are not as high as was expected, and some rates even remain unaltered. Coastwise—Our northern market has been rather quiet since last writing and there is not much inquiry in the regular trades; there is, however, cargo offering from the river ports, and there is a fair demand for coal trip charters from the north. In Hongkong the market is quiet, the Saigon-Hongkong rate ranging between \$1.60 and \$1.80 per picul, but for time charter rates are still very firm as evidenced by the recent fixture of the Chinese str. Hailong, of 1,267 tons net register, for \$100,000 a month for six months. For the United Kingdom—The next boats advertised are the str. Kitano Maru for London and the Shidzuoka Maru for Liverpool. For New York via Panama—No news to report.

China Coast Gazette.

Mr. E. L. Huxley, supernumerary second officer, Wingsang, is on reserve; Mr. E. A. Thompson, second officer, Tung-hing, is on reserve; Mr. E. G. Andrew, second officer, Namsang, is on reserve; Mr. N. W. Jones has been appointed supernumerary second officer, Namsang; Mr. J. J. E. Cowan, second officer, Kutsang, has gone acting chief officer, same ship; Mr. H. G. W. Ba-ho, chief officer, Kutsang, has resigned; Mr. J. A. Williams has been appointed supernumerary second officer, Kutsang; Mr. T. J. Witter, supernumerary second officer, Kutsang, has gone second officer, same ship; Mr. J. E. White has been appointed third officer, Kutsang; Mr. N. K. G. S. Fuller has been appointed third officer, Choy-san; Mr. J. E. Nicoll, from leave, has gone supernumerary chief officer, Kutsang; Mr. S. C. Odd has been appointed supernumerary, Kutsang; Mr. O. M. V. Paterson has been appointed supernumerary second officer, Kutsang; Mr. D. A. Smith, second officer, Namsang, has gone acting chief officer, same ship; Mr. J. E. Lovine, supernumerary second officer, Namsang, has gone second officer, same ship; Mr. W. L. Lakin, second officer, Luongsang, has gone supernumerary second officer, Tung-hing; Mr. W. T. Smith, supernumerary, Yuensang, has gone supernumerary, Yuensang; Mr. J. H. Brown, third officer, Wingsang, has resigned; Mr. C. L. Charles, second officer, Singan, has gone second officer, Sung-kiang; Mr. O. S. Robb, from reserve, has gone second officer, Singan; Mr. J. Tibbott, chief officer, Boiming, has gone chief officer, Tibboda; Captain J. S. Thomson, late of the Douglas & Co., has been appointed master, Tibboda; Mr. W. Johnston, second officer, Willow, has gone supernumerary chief officer, Tibboda.

NOTICES.

WELLS FARGO & CO.
EXPRESS.

FORWARDERS TO ALL PARTS OF THE
WORLD. SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE
SHIPPING OF TOURISTS' BAGGAGE AND PUR-
CHASES. TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES CASHED.

B. MONTEITH WEBB & CO., Representatives.
FORWARDING DEPT.
1a, Chater Road. Phone No. 1500.

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO.)

Monthly Services:—
HONGKONG, SWATOW & BELAWAN DELI (MEDAN).
S.S. "JACOB"
will leave on or about March.
HONGKONG, AMOY, SWATOW & SINGAPORE.
S.S. "van WAERWYCK"
will leave on or about March.
For freight and passage apply to—
York Building, Tel. 1574.
Hongkong, 1st Mar., 1918. **JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.**
Agents.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS
TO
UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to approach
the undersigned.

Steamers proceed via Cape of Good Hope.
Subject to change without notice.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.,
General Agents,

or to REISS & Co. Canton
Hongkong, Jan. 2, 1917.

JAVA-SAN FRANCISCO

via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, JAPAN and HONOLULU

fortnightly joint-service of the

"NEDERLAND" and "ROTTERDAM LLOYD" Royal Mail Lines.

Next departures from HONGKONG:

Steamers	tons	Sailings

These superior passenger-steamers have excellent accommodation for first
and second class saloon passengers.

For further particulars apply to:

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN
Agents.
TELEPHONE 1574-1575-1576.

THOS. COOK & SON.

Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents, Bankers, etc.

OFFICIAL PASSENGER AGENTS TO
THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT.TICKETS SUPPLIED TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD at
Tariff Rates.LETTERS OF CREDIT AND CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and
CASHED.

BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
Cook's "YAR EASTERN TRAVELLER'S GAZETTE"
containing Sailings and Fares from the Far East to all parts
of the World, will be forwarded free on application.

Telegraphic add. "COOKSON." **THOS. COOK & SON,**
Telephone No. 524. HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS, HONGKONG.
also SHANGHAI, PEKING, YOKOHAMA, MANILA,
Chief Office: LUDGATE CHURCH, LONDON, E.C.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The Great Northern Telegraph
Company, Ltd.

Blank, Hongkong Hotel, from
Shanghai.

Tsungshing, o/o Chingshing,
Yenyeikal, from Shanghai.

Takohongohing, from Shang-
hai.

Chow Villa, 24, Elgin Street,
from Shanghai.

Chanlaing, care Hotel China,
from Kobe.

Wunchunshing, o/o Yingwah,
No. 117, Tuckpoodao, from
Shanghai.

Changohing, 1st, Kwang-
kingtai, from Shanghai.
Chunshun Yehwu, from Shang-
hai.

T. KING,
Act. Superintendent.
Hongkong, April 19, 1918.

Eastern Extension, Australasia
& China Telegraph Co.

Burgess J. W. (Hongkong Zone),
from War Office.

Gardiner, Hongkong Hotel, (2)
from Singapore.

Gerritsen, from Tientsin.

Manuel Slice, from Manila.

Turner, (King Edward Hotel),
from Hastings.

Watson, o/o American Consul,
from Seattle.

J. K. GIBSON,
Superintendent,
Hongkong, April 18, 1918.

VESSELS LOADING AND TO LOAD.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To be Despatched.
JAPAN AND COAST PORTS.			
Tientsin via Weihaiwei	Chipshing	J. M. Co.	23, Apr.
Shanghai	Suiyang	B. & S.	23, Apr.
Haiphong	Loksang	J. M. Co.	24, Apr.
Shanghai	Wingsang	J. M. Co.	24, Apr.
Shanghai via Ningpo	Taisang	J. M. Co.	25, Apr.
Shanghai	Ingkang	B. & S.	25, Apr.
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama	Kaga M.	N. Y. K.	25, Apr.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe	Bombay M.	N. Y. K.	25, Apr.
Manila	Yuensang	J. M. Co.	25, Apr.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Halbong	D. L. Co.	25, Apr.
Shanghai	Sauksiang	B. & S.	27, Apr.
Shanghai, Moji and Kobe	Ceylon M.	N. Y. K.	27, Apr.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haitan	D. L. Co.	30, Apr.
Manila	Loongsang	J. M. Co.	3, May
Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama	Hirano M.	N. Y. K.	9, May
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Tango M.	N. Y. K.	18, May

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG ICE
COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that
an Extraordinary General
Meeting of the Hongkong Ice
Company Limited will be held at
the registered Office of the Com-
pany, Pedder Street, Victoria,
Hongkong, on Monday the 6th
day of May 1918, at 12 o'clock
noon when the subjoined resolu-
tions which were passed at the
Extraordinary General Meeting
of the Company held on the 16th
day of April 1918, will be sub-
mitted for Confirmation, as
special resolutions:—

(1) That it is expedient to effect
an amalgamation of this
Company with the Dairy
Farm Company Limited
and that with a view
thereto this Company be
wound up voluntarily and
that Messrs. Jardine, Mathe-
son & Co., Limited be and
they are hereby appointed
Liquidators for the purpose
of such winding up.

(2) That the conditional Agree-
ment submitted to the meet-
ing for amalgamation of this
Company with the Dairy
Farm Company Limited upon
the terms (inter alia) of the
acquisition by that Company
of the complete undertaking,
business, goodwill and prop-
erty of this Company in re-
turn for the issue to this
Company of 52,000 shares of
the Dairy Farm Company
Limited of the nominal value
of £7.50 each, credited as fully
paid up (being eight shares
of £7.50 each of that Company
for each share of £25 each of
this Company) and of the
issue by the Dairy Farm
Company Limited to Messrs.
Jardine, Matheson & Co.,
Limited, the General Man-
agers of this Company (upon
their entering into restrictive
covenants which have been
agreed upon and by way of
bonus as compensation for
their loss of office as General
Managers of this Company)
of 2,000 shares of the Dairy
Farm Company Limited of
the nominal value of £7.50
each, credited as fully paid
up and the same is hereby
approved and that the
Liquidators be and they are
hereby authorized pursuant
to Section 185 of the Com-
panies Ordinance 1911 to
adopt the said Agreement
and carry the same into
effect with such (if any)
modification either before or
after the execution thereof as
the said Liquidators may
think expedient.

The Transfer Books of the
Company will be CLOSED from
the 1st to 10th May 1918, both
days inclusive.

Dated the 16th day of April, 1918.
**JARDINE, MATHESON,
& CO., LTD.**
General Managers

Japan-China Economic Alliance.

A Peking telegram, dated
April 3rd, says that Baron
Sakatani is daily meeting Mr.
Liang Shih-yi. There is a rumour
that a Japanese Economic Alliance
is about to be concluded. The
rumour is denied by the Japanese
authorities. It is also rumoured
that as his investigations proceed
Baron Sakatani is expected to
take a pessimistic view of the
financial conditions of China and
that before long he will resign his
post as Financial Adviser.

NOTICES.

**MITSUBISHI GOSHI
KWAISHA.**
(MITSUBISHI CO.)
COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF
TAKASIMA, OCHI, MUTABE, KISH-
IOAKE, YOSHIMOTO, NOJO, HAMA-
ZUTA, SATO, KANADA, SHINNEW,
KAMITAMADA, HIRAI and OYUNAR
Sellers.

Agents for SAKITO COAL.

HEAD OFFICE:—

MARUNOUCHI, TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES:—NAGASAKI
MOJI, KATATE, WAKAMATSU,
OTABU, MURORAN, HAKODATE,
KOBÉ, OSAKA, KURE, TOKYO, YOKO-
HAMA, NAGOYA, TSUBUGA, VLADI-
VOSTOK, HANKOW, PEKING,
DAIREN, TAIPEI, LONDON, NEW
YORK, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG,
HAIPHONG, CANTON and
SINGAPORE.

Cable Address:—"IWASAKI,"
Codes: AL, A.B.C. 5th Ed., West-
ern Union, and Bentley's.

AGENCIES:—
CHINKIANG—Messrs. GEAR-
ING & CO., MANILA—Messrs.
MACONDRAY & CO., SINGA-
PORE—Messrs. BORNEO CO.,
LTD., GLASGOW—Messrs. A.R.
BROWN, MOFARLANE & CO., LTD.

For Particulars, apply to—
S. KAWATE.
Manager,
Yamaguchi, No. 7, Pedder Street.

**THE DAIRY FARM
CO., LTD.**

NOTICE is hereby given that
an Extraordinary General
Meeting of the Dairy Farm
Company Limited will be held at
the Company's office, No. 2 Lower
Albert Road Victoria in the colony
of Hongkong on TUESDAY the
7th day of May 1918 at 12 o'clock
noon when the following resolu-
tion will be proposed as an
extraordinary resolution:—
"That the capital of the
Company be increased to
£855,000 by the creation of
"54,000 new shares of £7.50
each and that the directors be
"authorized to issue and allot
"such new shares in ac-
"cordance with the terms of
"the Agreement dated the 26th
"day of March 1918 made be-
"tween the Hongkong Ice
"Company Limited of the one
"part and this Company of the
"other part."

And the following resolutions
which were passed at the Ex-
traordinary General Meeting of
the Company held on the 15th
day of April 1918 will be sub-
mitted for confirmation as special
resolutions:—

1. "That the new Articles con-
"tained in the printed docu-
"ment submitted to the meet-
"ing and for the purpose of
"identification signed by the
"Chairman thereof be and
"the same are hereby
"approved and that such
"Articles be and they are
"hereby adopted as the
"Articles of the Company
"in substitution for and to the
"exclusion of all the existing
"Articles thereof."

2. "That the name of the Com-
"pany be changed to "The
"Dairy Farm, Ice and Cold
"Storage Company Limited."
Dated the 16th day of April,
1918.

By Order of the Board.

M. MANUK, Secretary.

CONSIGNEES.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO. LTD.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "VENEZUELA"

From SAN FRANCISCO,
HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS,
SHANGHAI & MANILA.

The above mentioned ves-
sel having arrived from the above
mentioned ports. Consignees
of cargo are hereby informed
that their cargo is be-
ing landed at their risk into
the hazardous and/or extra
hazardous Godowns of the Hong-
kong & Kowloon Wharf &
Godown Co., Ltd. and stored at
Consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo are hereby
notified that they must produce
an Import permit signed by the
Superintendent of Imports and
Exports, Hongkong, before Bills
of lading can be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and dam-
aged goods are to be left in the
Godowns, where they will
be examined on Saturday, April
20th 1918, at 10 a.m.

All claims must be presented
within a month of the steamer's
arrival here, after which they
cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted
after the goods have left the
Godowns and all goods remaining
undelivered after April 2nd
1918, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever
will be effected.

Consignees are requested to
send in their Bills of Lading for
countersignature immediately.

**PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP
COMPANY.**

J. ORAM SHEPPARD,
Acting Agent,
Hongkong, 16th., April, 1918.

From SAN FRANCISCO VIA
HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS,
AND MANILA.

The above named steamer
having arrived, consignees of
cargo are hereby notified to
send in their Bills of Lading for
counter-signature, and to take
immediate delivery from along-
side.

Cargo remaining undelivered
on 20th April, 1918, at 5 P.M., will
be landed at consignees' risk and
expense, and delivery must then
be taken from the Company's
Godowns.

Storage charges will be assess-
ed on all cargo remaining un-
delivered on 24th April, 1918, at
5 P.M.

No Fire Insurance whatever
will be effected.

No claim will be recognised
after the goods have left the
Steamer or Godowns.

All chafed and damaged cargo
will be landed into the Company's
Godowns, where it will be ex-
amined on 26th April, 1918, at
10 A.M.

No claim will be recognised if
filed after the 2nd May, 1918.
T. DAIGO,
Manager,
Hongkong, 6th April, 1918.

YESTERDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

GERMAN LIES ABOUT AUSTRALIANS.

London, April 20.
The Australian official correspondent in France, says that
German war correspondents have been instructed to proclaim that
Britain in these battles is placing Colonial troops in the hardest
positions. The facts are to the contrary. Field Marshal
Sir Douglas Haig, though he knew where the attacks were
coming, had only English, Scottish and Irish troops in the
dangerous parts. On the sixth day of the battle Australian
divisions began to be thrown in as an important part of the British
Reserves for the southern battle, since when they have shown
especially at Albert and Villers Bretonneux, that they have such
"stuff as can do what the Third British Division and Fifty-sixth
Division did at Arras, the Fifty-seventh Division did at
Giverny and the Ninth Division beyond Peronne when for the second
time they were thrown in at a desperate counter-attack on the old
battleground of Messines. Australian troops far prefer to be classed as
they are classed with divisions, which made these glorious attacks,
rather than accept the double-edged compliments which the German
throws at them with a view to their own ruin.

GERMANS LOST BET.

London, April 20.
Lord Robert Cecil, speaking at Hitchin, said he was informed
before the offensive began that German officers in Neutral Courts
were prepared to bet that the Germans succeeded in dividing the
forces of the Allies within a fortnight. Lord Robert Cecil con-
tinued by saying that a month had passed and the Germans
had not succeeded, but it would be wickedly foolish if we thought
the battle had ended. We had an indefinite period of terrible
and strenuous struggle before us. We must not underestimate our
enemies who had the great advantages of fifty years preparation for
war, favourable geographical position and united command, but the
Britishers who had withstood the Germans for four years, on
equal terms, had proved their valour was equal to the German
raining, while recently our forces in France had been placed with the
French Armies under the command of the great soldier, General Koch.
Lord Robert Cecil did not think the enemy's formidable advantages
would decide the battle in his favour, but we must not fall into the
error of facile optimism. He referred to the Lichnowsky revelations
and other proofs, showing that Germany was absolutely
unchanged. She strove to lull us to sleep by the talk of peace
while planning this attack, but now the battle had begun there
was no talk of peace. Instead there was nothing but the talk
of German annexations, in indemnities, increase of power and German
military caste and slavery over the rest of the world. We were fight-
ing indubitably for the freedom of the world. Anyone who now said
the Germans desired to live in peace with her neighbours, and were
ready to make a just and righteous peace, was indulging in voluntary
self-deception.

THE PALESTINE CAMPAIGN.

London, April 19.
Reuter's correspondent at Palestine Headquarters wiring on
April 14, says:—Australian troops indicated a most severe lesson on
the enemy in the Jordan area. In a recent raid into Gilead they
destroyed five miles of the Hejaz Railway line and took over a
thousand prisoners. We withdrew to the right bank of the Jordan
bringing several thousand refugees desiring British protection. We
maintained, however, the bridgehead on the other side of Ghoraniyah
Ford. The enemy on April 11, assaulted the bridgehead at
Ghoraniyah and advanced posts ten miles up the west bank of the
Jordan. The attack was preceded by violent shelling, as many as
forty shells a minute falling. Field and mountain guns were spray-
ing our positions, but all attempts at an advance were completely
held up. Another attack was seriously pushed opposite
Ghoraniyah. Ammunition, utilising the excellent cover on the
bank of the Jordan, awaited two thousand Turks debouching
in open order from the hills against the bridgehead. Guns
mowed down the assailants, who persevered until they were three
hundred yards distant, when they melted away under pitiless rifle
fire and machine gun fire. The following morning 367 corpses
before the lines were counted, despite the fact that the Turks were
all night long burying their dead. The actual number of enemy
killed must be almost a thousand. When the Turks fell back
Australian cavalry charged and cut off those retreating, taking a
hundred prisoners. There were numerous enemy casualties. Our
losses are insignificant.

AUSTRALIAN RECRUITING.

London, April 20.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Melbourne the enlist-
ments from various States are improving. A full number of recruits
has been secured for the Sportsmen's Battalion. It is believed that
the Railway Department is coming out eligible.

London, April 20.
Reuter's correspondent at Sydney states that the Chamber of
Commerce and others are insuring a thousand married recruits in
£200 each. Seventeen thousand pounds sterling has been subscribed
by members of Tattersalls who are insuring 113 men.
(Continued on page 9.)

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

Cables Used At: A.B.C. Fifth Edition; Engineering, First and Second Editions; Western Union and Watling.

Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers.

Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.

ACETYLENE CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR

Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained

workmen under expert European supervision.

All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.

Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, etc., etc.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SLIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:—

NAME OF DOCK OR SLIP	LENGTH OF KEEL	WIDTH OF KEEL	DEPTH OVER KEEL	DEPTH OVER SLIP	DEPTH OVER DOCK
KOWLOON					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 4 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 5 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 6 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 7 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 8 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 9 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 10 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 11 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 12 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 13 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 14 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 15 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 16 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 17 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 18 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 19 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 20 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 21 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 22 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 23 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 24 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 25 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 26 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 27 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 28 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 29 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 30 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 31 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 32 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 33 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 34 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 35 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 36 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 37 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 38 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 39 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 40 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 41 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 42 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'
No. 43 Dock, Kowloon	200'	30'	12'	12'	12'

MARATHON RACE.

A GREAT SPORTING EVENT.

Victory for Indian Runner,
with European Second.

The marathon race arranged by the Hongkong Police Reserve came off on Saturday afternoon with all the success that was promised for it from the beginning, and the race proved to be one of the most noteworthy sporting events that has ever taken place in Hongkong. The large entry of 56 runners was extremely gratifying to the promoters, who are to be highly complimented on the successful manner in which the race was organized and superintended.

In speaking of Saturday's race one must first refer to the public interest evinced, for long before the actual starting time, large crowds had gathered on the Praya, by the Queen's Statue Wharf, where the race was due to commence. The courses the competitors had to take was along the Praya and Murray Road and then follow the tramway track to Sukiwan, back by the same route to the starting point—the total distance being just over twelve miles. The weather conditions proved to be extremely trying, the temperature having rapidly risen during the few preceding days, and the humidity being quite high. It was almost too hot for such an event and promoters would do well to fix any repetition several weeks earlier. Out of the 56 men who entered no less than 50 faced the starter, and it is a tribute to their sporting qualities that so many did so, for the heat was enough to deter many more.

The actual starters were:—

- 1.—Naik Abdul Gham Khan, 18th Infantry.
- 2.—Gunner Alan Khan, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 3.—Stoker Ash, R.N.
- 4.—Able Seaman Blower, R.N.
- 5.—Pte. M. Breslin, R.M.L.I.
- 6.—Sepoy Chait Singh, 74th Punjab.
- 7.—L/Naik Chiraghudin, 18th Infantry.
- 8.—L/Naik Dalip Singh, 74th Punjab.
- 9.—Jemadar Fateh Mohd Khan, 18th Infantry.
- 10.—Naik Ghulam Mubd, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 11.—P.O. 745 J.A. Gutierrez, H.K.P.R.
- 12.—Sepoy Hyat Mohd, 74th Punjab.
- 13.—P.O. 804 V.A. Hyder, H.K.P.R.
- 14.—G.A. Hyder, St. Joseph's College.
- 15.—P.O. 787 B.A. Hyder, H.K.P.R.
- 16.—Driver Fakir Chand, Mule Corps.
- 17.—Gunner Iser Singh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 18.—Saddler Jan Bam, Mule Corps.
- 19.—Artificer Kalloo, Mule Corps.
- 20.—Gunner Karim Baksh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 21.—L/Naik Khan Bahadur, Mule Corps.
- 22.—Sepoy Khuda Dad, 74th Punjab.
- 23.—Pte. A. Kirby, R.A.M.C.
- 24.—L/Naik Kundan Singh, 74th Punjab.
- 25.—Liu Jek San.
- 26.—Sepoy Marjan Ali, 74th Punjab.
- 27.—Sepoy Mohd Khan, 74th Punjab.
- 28.—Gunner Mubd Haseain, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 29.—Gunner Mubd Nand, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 30.—Sepoy Natha Khan, 18th Infantry.
- 31.—Gunner Nawab Din, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 32.—Gunner Nawab Khan, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 33.—Gunner Nur Ahmed, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 34.—Sepoy Pobia Singh, 74th Punjab.
- 35.—Naik Rannia Khan, 18th Infantry.
- 36.—Corpl. J. Howland, R.G.A.
- 37.—Drummer Balya Khan, 18th Infantry.
- 38.—Ldg. Signaller W. E. Ryder, R.N.
- 39.—Gunner Sadhu Singh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 40.—Sepoy Samundar Khan, 74th Punjab.

- 41.—Gunner Shah Mubd, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 42.—Gunner Sharah Khan, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 43.—Sapper P. Simonds, R.E.
- 44.—Gunner Surain Singh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 45.—Sergeant A. E. Telford, R.G.A.
- 46.—Gunner E. Taylor, R.G.A.
- 47.—Sapper J. Waller, R.E.
- 48.—Bomber J. Watson, R.G.A.
- 49.—Inspector R. Wood, Sanitary Board.
- 50.—Naik Amir, 18th Infantry.

Those who had entered and failed to turn up were:—Pte. A. Blakley, 25th Middlesex; Sapper W. Clarke, R.E.; Sapper Gordon, R.E.; Naik Jagat Singh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.; Signaller F. Macey, R.N.; Gunner W. Welch, R.G.A.

It will be seen from the above list of starters that the various branches of the Services were well represented. There were no less than 33 Indians, seven European military men, four Naval men, and six others, composed of four Portuguese, one Chinese and one European civilian—Inspector R. Wood of the Sanitary Board.

The race was timed to begin at three o'clock but there was a little delay. Among the interested spectators was Lady May, accompanied by Mr. P. J. Wodehouse, D.S.P., and A. D. O. to His Excellency, and the Hon. Mr. Oswald Severn, C.M.G.

The officials on duty were:—Judge, Mr. H. J. Gedge. Assistant Judge, Staff Inspector Wildin, H.K.P.R. Starter, Mr. H. P. White. Umpires, Staff Inspectors Clarke, Watt and Eldridge. Colour-Sergeant, 458 Brook and P. O. 862 Herbert, Mr. T. F. Hough, and Inspector A. Crolli.

It should be mentioned in addition that Chief Inspector Sir Khan of the Police Reserve and many members of the Force rendered most valuable assistance in keeping the road clear, whilst all along the route were officers charged with seeing that matters went well. Dr. Lindsay Woods and Thomas attended in case of necessity, and a number of Umpires were at various spots. Indeed the whole affair was managed in a thorough manner and Staff Inspector Wildin, upon whom most of the work fell, is deserving of high compliments.

On the competitors lining up the conditions of the race were fully explained in English and Hindustani, and all seemed conversant with the governing rules. It so proved that no runner had to be disqualified. After three false starts owing to men being too eager to get away, the batch of runners got under way at seven minutes past three. A very large crowd of supporters followed on bicycles and in motor cars and the runners had no enviable lot, clouds of dust and smoke often being added to the intense heat, which was coming off the road in distressing fashion. Most of the officials made the journey. Refreshments were provided by supporters en route.

As in most races of this kind the pace at first set proved much too fast, and the runners soon straggled out. By the time the Naval Yard was reached there was a considerable distance between the first and last men. No. 58, Naik Amir, of the 18th Infantry, took the lead right at the outset, and maintained it all the way through, until he was forced to give up when almost within sight of home. The race did not really become interesting until Causeway Bay was reached, for the distance between the leader and the majority of the runners was not such as to lead to any definite conclusions. Several men had already dropped out, among those missing being Stoker Ash, R.N., Able Seaman Blower, R.N., and Pte. M. Breslin, R.M.L.I., the heat having told its tale. By the time Belle Vue was reached two others had given up, these being L/Naik Chiraghudin, and P.O. 804 V.A. Hyder, H.K.P.R. Naik Amir was here possessed of a good lead and was going wonderfully strong, having almost a 500 yards advantage from No. 50, Sergeant A. E. Telford, R.G.A.

Closely following was No. 29, Sepoy Pobia Singh, 74th Punjab, and lying fourth, was No. 40, Naik Rannia Khan, 18th Infantry. Next in order came, Nos. 44, 1, 25, 55, 22, 11, 42, 6, 11, with varying distances between them. It will be seen that amongst these runners were all the eventual prize winners. The remainder of the field was straggling along and hardly one of them looked likely of a place. Many were obviously much distressed and altogether out of it. The leader, whose pace was uniformly high, kept steadily ahead and resolved the turning post with a good lead. It seemed that if he could but stick it, he was a sure winner. Sergeant Telford was still second, but not looking at all comfortable. Still his lead from Sepoy Pobia Singh was quite a useful one. Naik Rannia Khan was fourth, and Sanitary Inspector Wood had come up from 8th place to 5th, going with a regulated swing. In close attendance was No. 22. The order of the other promising runners was:—Nos. 44, 35, 37, 11, 42, 1, 12, 47 and 32, the distances being mainly short. The rest were by this time practically out of it. Several men were seen to give up at Taiiko Hill, this proving a severe test. It was here that Sergeant Telford lost second place, and he was seen walking as though all the run had deserted him. It was then that Sepoy Pobia Singh came into second place, and almost drew up to the leader, whose pace was slackening and who began to look very weary. They were level at the Belle Vue Hotel, and the order of the other likely men here was:—No. 40, Naik Rannia Khan, No. 44, Gunner Sadhu Singh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A., No. 55, Sanitary Inspector Wood, No. 22, Driver Gheba Khan, Mule Corps; No. 37, Gunner Nawab Khan, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.; No. 35, Sepoy Natha Khan, 18th Infantry; No. 11, Jemadar Fateh Mohd Khan, 18th Infantry; No. 42, Drummer Balya Khan, 18th Infantry; No. 32, Sepoy Mohd Khan, 74th Punjab; and No. 50, Sergeant Telford (walking); These eleven men were the only ones left when watching. The two leading men set out to beat each other and in the end succeeded, their pace being such as neither could stand. At the Bowington Canal they were in company, both looking distressed, but still with a good lead. No. 40, Naik Rannia Khan was fourth, with No. 44, Gunner Sadhu Singh; No. 55, Inspector Wood; and No. 22, Driver Gheba Khan, in a bunch not far behind. The last two Indian runners had been in company with Inspector Wood practically the whole way. Interest was now getting high and these six men were going all out. It was just past the Cinema Theatre, Praya East that No. 58, Naik Amir, who had led throughout was forced to give up. He had run himself to a standstill and fell, unable to rise. He was soon in the hands of friends. No. 39, Sepoy Pobia Singh was left to go on alone, but he was nearly all out. With real pluck, this small runner kept going, but it was more of a stagger than a run. No. 40, Naik Rannia Khan, was coming up strong and caught the leader by the Naval Yard. Sepoy Pobia Singh struggled on to Murray Road, where he was seen to stagger and fall, and one felt genuinely sympathetic for this game little runner. He had to be picked up by friends. It was by the Naval Yard that Inspector Wood managed to shake off his Indian partners, and made ground on No. 40, Naik Rannia Khan. But as latter was going in fairly good style and passed along the densely lined Praya to the winning post well ahead. Of course, he came in for a tremendous ovation, and Inspector Wood was no less well treated. He had run a splendid race. Then followed:—No. 44, Gunner Sadhu Singh; and No. 22, Driver Gheba Khan. No. 35, Sepoy Natha Khan, who was fifth, was a long way behind.

The first twenty-one men in, recorded by the Judge, were:—

- 1.—No. 40, Naik Amir, 18th Infantry.
- 2.—No. 55, Sanitary Inspector Wood.
- 3.—No. 44, Gunner Sadhu Singh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.
- 4.—No. 22, Driver Gheba Khan, Mule Corps.
- 5.—No. 35, Sepoy Natha Khan, 18th Infantry.
- 6.—No. 12, Naik Ghulam Mubd.
- 7.—No. 42, Drummer Balya Khan, 18th Infantry.
- 8.—No. 1, Naik Abdul Gham Khan, 18th Infantry.

CORRESPONDENCE.

[The opinions expressed by correspondents are not necessarily those of the "Hongkong Telegraph"]

ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

[To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph"]

Dear Sir,—May we again trespass on your columns, appealing for a large collection on St. George's Day.

His Majesty the King's letter to the Times regarding the Red Cross Funds called out from London on the 18th inst. is a call to all of us to "maintain without abatement its sacred mission to the wounded, sick and prisoners whose welfare has our unflinching solicitude and our heartfelt sympathy."

When the ladies bring their funds round for our donations, let us forget War Bonds Tickets and the Spills we have bought. Let us visualize the situation and get down into our pockets as deeply as possible.

There is no man or woman who would not wish to lend a hand to the wounded soldier or prisoner of War if he or she knew how to. The Red Cross and other organizations can do collectively what we would each wish to do individually. More and more funds will be required to carry on the work.

We therefore appeal again to the generosity of an already generous community for large contributions this "St. George's Day."

Yours faithfully,
THE STREET COLLECTING COMMITTEE.
St. George's Day.

PASSPORTS FOR KWANG-TUNG LEASED TERRITORY.

April 20th, 1918.

Sir,—I request that you will kindly give publicity to the following information.

"It is reported that any alien who desires to enter the Province of Kwantung (Leased territory), or to travel by the South Manchurian Railway shall be required to have a passport with the bearer's photograph attached and vided by a diplomatic or consular agent of Japan. Some exceptions are made to this rule, particulars of which are to be had at the Japanese Consulate."

Yours truly,
T. PROUTY,
Acting Consul General for Japan.

9.—No. 37, Gunner Nawab Khan, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.

10.—No. 11, Jemadar Fateh Mohd Khan, 18th Infantry.

11.—No. 8, L/Naik Chiraghudin, 18th Infantry.

12.—No. 7, Sepoy Chait Singh, 74th Punjab.

13.—No. 47, Gunner Sharah Khan, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.

14.—No. 45, Sepoy Samundar Khan, 74th Punjab.

15.—No. 49, Gunner Surain Singh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.

16.—No. 50, Sergeant A. E. Telford, R.G.A.

17.—No. 17, G.A. Hyder, St. Joseph's College.

18.—No. 32, Sepoy Mohd, Khan, 74th Punjab.

19.—No. 19, Driver Fakir Chand, Mule Corps.

20.—No. 15, Sepoy Hyat Mohd, 74th Punjab.

21.—No. 20, Gunner Iser Singh, H.K. and S.B.R.G.A.

Some time later Sapper J. Waller, R.E., came up and reported that he had finished the distance.

The winner's time was 1 hour, 16 minutes, 47.4/5 seconds.

At the conclusion, the prizes were distributed by Lady May.

The cup for the winner was presented by the South China Morning Post; the other cups, in their order, being given by the Hon. Mr. P. H. Holt; the British and American Tobacco Company; Inspector Eldon Potter, H.K.P.R.; and an Officer of the H.K. D.O. The prizes having been presented, Mr. F. O. Jenkins, D.S.P. (B.), presented Lady May with a replica of the winner's cup, this being inscribed "To Lady May from the Hongkong Police Reserve. Marathon Race, April 20, 1918."

Officers were given for the Police Reserve, and thus was brought to a close one of the most popular sporting events in the annals of the Colony.

U-BOAT FOUGHT BY ONE MAN.

The world is full of submarine stories, but few ever hear them, for they are told where seamen congregate, and the landman seldom penetrates into those coteries. There is one such centre for a hundred miles from Ploceadilly-circus, and there, in the end, every submarine yarn is heard, writes the Naval Correspondent of the Daily Press.

A drifter proudly flying the White Ensign was plugging her way through the North Sea in a stiff breeze one afternoon in the first winter of the war, when the skipper saw a periscope crawl through the breaking surface of the sea. A submarine was coming to the top within a hundred yards of him; he could just see the top of the conning tower, and he had no gun on board.

It was a position to dismay most men. The skipper, however, had a fighting spirit. A touch to the wheel set the drifter's blunt bows pointing at the submarine's white back, and she wallowed menacingly towards the pirate.

The submarine swung round to avoid the impact, and the sides of the drifter scraped along the side of the submarine. The periscope was still well out of the water, but it was beginning to slip down as the submarine began to dive.

The skipper bawled for a hammer, a crowbar, anything that would hurt. One of the crew threw a coal shovel into his hands, and he scrambled on the bulwarks and leaned over, so that every lurch of the plunging drifter threatened to shoot him overboard. But he clung on with his left hand, and with the rope in his right he dealt blow after blow at the fragile periscope.

Some hit, some missed, but the skipper battered away at it till he had reduced it to fragments.

The submarine commander, hearing the noise and wondering what new horrible device the enemy had invented, kept up towards the surface to have a look. His end of the periscope was black blackness. He was blind.

They do say he surrendered, and that the crew of four in the drifter looked at each other in bewilderment, wondering how they should manage thirty prisoners. But that, I think, is the addition of some artistic soul who felt that the yarn wanted rounding off.

The Lighter Side.

Submarine warfare is not all horrors. There are two comic episodes which are usually linked together under the title of "Pork and Onion Sauce" for reasons which will be clear when the yarns have been told.

The Norwegian full-rigged ship Siras was attacked by a U-boat in the Atlantic in June last. She was sunk by gunfire, but high above the screeching of the shells the commander of the submarine heard a noise like that of an animal in pain. In fact, he heard a pig squealing in the sinking ship.

He hastily ceased fire, commanded one of the Siras's lifeboats, and sent some of his own men to investigate.

They found the pig in a pen on the deck, and two of them dragged him out. He slipped through their fingers, and then began a hunt up and down the deck, the men clenching at the flying pig and falling headlong all the while. The U-boat captain, who was watching the affair through his binoculars, was doubled up with laughter.

In fact, he was so much amused that he forgot to keep a look-out, and a British destroyer was well in view on the horizon when he suddenly awakened to the fact that a war was in progress.

Even then Fritz would not forego his prize. His men captured the pig and heaved it down into the interior of the submarine, with the destroyer coming every second closer and really within range. The lifeboats of the Siras were clustered round the submarine, and the British officer was unable to open fire, and so the submarine escaped with its prospective feast of roast pork and crackling.

Onions had a different end. An Italian steamer was on its way from a Mediterranean port to the United States last summer, and had orders to call at Valencia, they were depth charges.

A FRIENDLY LOAN.

Sequel to "the Supreme Court."

Before Sir William Ross, District Judge, sitting at the Supreme Court, the Hon. Mr. Lau Ohn Pak, as executor of the will of Yau Kiu, deceased, sued Lau Lok Ting, of Panang for \$5,000, money lent, and interest thereon at the rate of 3% per \$1,000 per annum, from August 17, 1917, to date of judgment or payment.

Mr. Eldon Potter, instructed by Mr. M. K. Lo, appeared for plaintiff, the defendant not being represented.

Mr. Potter said the facts necessary to put before His Lordship were detailed on the statement of claim. The money was lent by the deceased, to Lau Lok Ting, under his firm name of Tung Sheng Wo. It was lent on a promissory note and the debt was admitted, but owing to the fact that the promissory note was not stamped he (Mr. Potter) was proceeding in the case on the lines of an ordinary money transaction.

The Hon. Mr. Lau Ohn Pak, in the witness box, said the money lent was made in the nature of an advance from one partner to another. It was a friendly loan.

Judgment was given for the plaintiff.

CANTON LOCAL RED CROSS WORKERS.

The Canton Local Red Cross Workers packed, on April 17th, and dispatched to the Matron of the 36th Stationary Hospital, E. F., 2 cases containing the following Hospital Supplies:—

Summer clothing: old linen 3 large tins tobacco 25 tin cigarettes (50 each tin), 48 tin shirts, 6 floor mops, 7 pair knitted slippers, 36 pair pyjamas, 48 pair socks, 1 pair surgical stockings, 12 doz. khaki handkerchiefs, 48 ward cloths, 32 surgical caps, 9 doz. pillow cases, 57 draw sheets, 114 milk covers, various sizes, 105 triangular bandages, 66 T. bandages, 6 cushion pads, 166 funnel many tailed bandages, 32 doz. swabs, 3 doz. shrouds, 96 cotton many tailed bandage, 18 dysentery pads, 6 cushions pads, 2 doz. knitted eye bandages, 3 chin bandages, 5 doz. golf balls, magazines and books.

The Ladies of the American Red Cross kindly donated the following Hospital Supplies which were packed in one case and dispatched to the Matron 36th Stationary Hospital:—26 cotton pyjamas, 58 pillow cases, 8 doz. "8 x 11" swabs, 43 surgical caps, 310 "4" gauze swabs, 150 small swabs, 150 many-tailed funnel bandages, 20 cotton shirts, 1 doz. chin bandages.

Shortly after seven o'clock in the morning the look-out discovered a submarine to port, the periscope just showing.

There was a moment of tense excitement. Every one on board waited for the explosion. None came, and the captain shouted out:—

"We're in Spanish territorial waters. He won't fire."

The weather pushed on, apparently ignoring the menace. Remorsefully the periscope kept pace with them. How after the tension lasted, and the need for following the coast line sided miles to the steamer's route.

Then the drama was accentuated. A Spanish man-of-war swung suddenly into line with the hunter and the hunted. She was refereeing the fight.

The three ships kept company all that day. They were still in company when dawn of the next day broke. They were still in company when at last the Italian steamer swept into the harbour at Valencia. The U-boat waited outside.

The Italian captain naturally wired for orders. He was told to take the cargo for which he had called, and then to wait. Several days later sailing orders reached him. The ship put out to sea, and there was no need to post special look-outs. Every man who could be on deck was there.

No one could see a sign of the submarine.

HONGKONG RIFLE LEAGUE.

Statutory, April 20th, 1918.
Kinson Park. Civil Service Rifle Defence Corps. Civil Service Rifle Defence Corps. Civil Service Rifle Defence Corps.

	200	500	600	800
Pte. A. Jenkins	32	33	28	31
L/O. F. Goodwin	28	31	29	33
Sgt. A. Leach	28	25	29	35
Sgt. G. H. M. 30	31	24	35	

Bannerman	30	25	28	33
W. D. Gow	30	25	28	33
Ratley	25	27	28	31
Sgt. M. Manuk	26	27	27	29
Sgt. A. W. 28	23	27	25	25

223 226 218 687
Pine allowance for open sights 6

Police & Police Reserve.

Mr. Grant	31	25	32	38
Mr. Evans	30	29	29	38
Sirder Khan	28	27	29	34
Mr. Evans	28	29	28	30
Mr. Pitt	27	26	27	30
Mr. Marks	29	27	27	29
Mr. Lammer	23	26	29	28
Mr. Hodge	28	26	18	72

225 210 214 649
Pine allowance for open sights 19

Total ...688

Civil Service Team.

Mr. Mackay	31	30	34	35
Mr. Grimes	32	30	29	31
Mr. Dover	31	30	28	39
Mr. Grey	25	31	29	35
Mr. Calvert	29	23	25	32
Mr. Lyon	28	28	25	31
Mr. Frith	24	31	17	72
Mr. Meade	36	27	15	72

230 235 202 687

* Open sights.

IDEAL FOR YOUR LITTLE ONES.

Every careful parent will insist that medicine given to children should be absolutely pure, safe, gentle and free from narcotic drugs. Baby's Own Tablets, the Canadian children's remedy, are guaranteed not to contain one atom of any harmful drug or opiate. One tiny tablet easily crushed between thumb and finger is sufficient dose for an infant from the day of its birth to six months old. Elder children in proportion.

The first food of Baby's Own Tablets is to not gently and kindly to the bowels. Then they soothe, console, and promote calm natural sleep. Baby's Own Tablets are recommended for teething troubles, constipation, diarrhoea, colic, indigestion, fever, worms. They promote good appetite and regular development.

Obtainable from chemists, or post free at 80 cents the trial from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Bechohan Road, Shanghai.



We show the stomach little of no consideration until one day we find that it has gone on a strike. We sit back in despair. The stomach is rebellious to the degree in which we have abused it. The symptoms speak for themselves. Something is wrong with the stomach. The trouble in reality is in the blood which careless habits have made impure. The proper treatment then is to build up and cleanse the blood. A thorough trial of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do this well. You can take them with every confidence that they will make your blood rich and pure.

Our new diet book will be sent on postal card request. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or they will be sent, postpaid, for \$1.00, six for \$5.00, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, 96 Bechohan Road, Shanghai.

YESTERDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 7.)
THE BATTLE IN FRANCE.

London, April 19.
Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters telegraphing today states:—This morning several minor attacks against our positions in the Flanders battlefield were successfully repulsed. An attempt near Mount Kemmel, which only developed upon a small front, seems to have been completely repulsed. The Germans brought up special mountain troops in an endeavour to capture the chain of hills running eastwards of Cassel. Among them are the Alpine Corps. An officer of this Corps, in a letter which has fallen into our hands, says, "We have made up our minds to plough again ruthlessly. In the Alpine Corps we understand the business." Prisoners are expressing surprise and distrust at the appearance of French troops in Flanders. They understood that the object of the present offensive was to separate the two armies, then to crush the British and force the French to make terms. They are now realising that the effort so far has been to consolidate the joint action of the two armies to a degree not witnessed since the days of Mons. The latest news from the whole of our front is that all is quiet. No news is the best news at the present time, when every day of quiet adds to our strength.

London, April 19.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—There is no change. The enemy's artillery was active at various points. Our positions were shelled this morning in the neighbourhood of Oudencourt, to the north of Arras. Our artillery effectively engaged troops and transport moving on the roads behind the Lys battle front.

London, April 19.
Last night we dropped nine tons of bombs on Bapaume, Arras, Valenciennes, Warocquet and Chaulnes railway junctions. All our aeroplanes returned.

London, April 18.
Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters states:—This morning there were signs of enemy activity against the high ground north and north-east of Arras, but possibly this is only the aftermath of the main attack, which was repulsed. The situation of any German there is anything but pleasant. South of La Bassée Canal the night was quiet. There was some heavy shelling at Saint-Etienne and in the area north-east of Arras, but no infantry movement followed. By a dashing little operation our line in the neighbourhood of Riez-de-Vinage was restored. Indications are not lacking that the Germans will continue their main effort to push northwards between Meteren and Wytschaete. They have probably succeeded in getting across the Ypres Comines Canal and the Somme. Their heavy artillery in the region of Houthem is doubtless intending to entice our lines near Mount Kemmel. South of Stenwerk only a few enemy "heavies" have so far been in action. In the course of the fighting on the 11th, the 21st division lost on an average 50 per cent. In the first attack at Meteren three battalions of the 81st Reserve Division were reduced to less than company strength apiece. In two days fighting at St. Eloi, six battalions of the 42nd Division, representing two-thirds of the total divisional infantry strength, suffered considerably more than 50 per cent casualties. The 22nd regiment of the 11th Bavarian Division at Merve Eglise on the night of April 14-15th was wiped out. Three battalions of the Second Bavarian Jäger Regiment and Alpine Corps were so cut up in the attack at Mont de Lilla that they are not likely to be heard of again in the present battle. Both the 12th Reserve Division and the 32nd Division suffered disastrous losses.

London, April 19.
Reuter's correspondent at French Headquarters telegraphing today states:—The French attack yesterday on the west bank of the Arras was noteworthy for its complete and speedy success and showing that the superiority of the French infantry over the German is still retained. It also deprived the enemy of several important points of departure for the next push past Hargreaves towards Arras along the Luce Valley. Starting shortly after four o'clock the objectives were obtained in two hours. Auchin Farm, crowning the Hill 249, with the lower height to the south, was also captured. The French line was established immediately below the line of crests dominating the Rouvres-Hill road. Over 300 prisoners were captured. Therefore, the total German casualties were equivalent to the entire attacking strength of the French. The ground gained is about a mile on a front of three miles. The operation was embarrassing to the enemy. It is certain the Germans have on the seven-mile front in this sector a mass of divisions waiting an opportunity to push on to Arras. The fronts of three German divisions were engaged in yesterday's engagement.

London, April 20.
A communiqué states:—There were no infantry actions to-day. The artillery duel was very lively in the region of Castel, at Grivemes and on the right bank of the Meuse.

London, April 19.
A wireless German official report states:—After yesterday's failures the French did not renew their attacks north-westward of Moreuil.

London, April 19.
A wireless German official report states:—We repulsed strong attacks against Wytschaete. Our fire caused very heavy losses whether the attackers were assembling. Our infantry's thrust northward of B-these captured some guns. The fighting fluctuates at Estabert and Grivanchy. We captured over 600 prisoners in a bitter struggle at Muriel and Moreuil, and successfully drove back strong French attacks.

London, April 19.
The Germans fired 100,000 incendiary and gas-shells into Rheims during the week. The roof of the Cathedral is crumbling, and soon only the pillars will remain. The inhabitants have evacuated the city.

THE IRISH SITUATION.

London, April 20.
The Irish Leaders Conference at Dublin yesterday decided that the money collected for the Defence Fund should remain in the hands of the parish priests, and that Defence Committees be formed in each parish. The Conference decided to prepare a statement of Ireland's case against conscription for presentation to the world, and requested the Lord Mayor of Dublin to proceed to Washington to present a message to President Wilson.

London, April 19.
Sir Edward Carson, in a message to the Belfast press, says:—Our clear duty is to support the gallant soldiers at the front, and resist any Home Rule Bill which attempts to degrade Ulster.

DEATH OF MR. CHARLES FENWICK, M. P.

The death is announced of Mr. Charles Fenwick, M. P.

LORD MILNER AND MILITARY PROBLEMS.

London, April 20.
Lord Milner will henceforth confine his attentions to Cabinet Councils at which military problems will be involved.

YESTERDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

THE BATTLE IN FRANCE.

Enemy Drawing on 1919 Class.

London, April 19.
Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters states:—The Germans are energetically repairing roads and bringing up large supplies of concrete slabs which lay like paving stones. As soon as they are nearly set our gunners tear great craters in the smooth surface. A captured letter describing the appearance of the Bapaume Road pays a tribute to the devastating work of our airmen and artillery. It describes how the ditches are piled with corpses and the shattered highway strewn with debris and the carcasses of horses. It says the road can no longer be used. Our airmen report that Bapaume has practically ceased to exist. The rate at which the enemy is running through his man-power is illustrated by the way he is drawing upon the 1919 class, which, according to prisoners' statements, recent drafts largely consist. This shows what the failure of this supreme effort means to Germany.

London, April 20.
Yesterday was the first real peace in infantry fighting on the northern front of France since the enemy broke through near Neuve Chapelle on April 9. A summary of the week's fighting shows the Germans in this region have not succeeded in dividing the Allies or dividing the British Army. Their object was to cut off half of the latter against the coast of Boulogne with the consequent loss of Calais, Dunkirk and Nieuport, forcing the other half to retreat with a view to covering Rouen and Havre. British tenacity, with prompt French intervention, averted these misfortunes. The Germans farther south failed to widen the salient in the direction of Amiens despite colossal sacrifices. In short the enemy's offensive is hanging up at every important centre, namely, on the Oise, on the Montdidier and Noyon sector, and on the semi-circular position ten miles from Amiens and the line of Bethune, Mont Kemmel and Tennes. Signs are not wanting, however, that a renewal of the great attack is imminent, both against Wytschaete and Meteren Ridge, which is the British main line of defence in the north, and between Arras and the Oise where a colossal enemy concentration is progressing. A fresh German Army has crossed the Oise under General von Bohn. German correspondents are busy explaining why the German advance has been delayed, dwelling on the bad ground and weather, but especially on the stubborn resistance offered.

London, April 20.
Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters writing on April 19 says:—There is bitterly cold weather, sleet and squalls, which is probably distressing the Germans for whom yesterday was a bad day. The great attack was launched at 9.30 between Givenchy and Robecq; after five hours of intense bombardment. It was a complete failure. Between Avellette Bridge and Riez-de-Vinage the enemy was repulsed with calamitous losses, leaving some hundreds of prisoners in our hands.

REICHSSTAG FAVOURS UNRESTRICTED SUBMARINISM.

London, April 19.
In the Reichstag, the Conservative leader, Count Westarp, declared that except the Independent Socialists, the Reichstag unanimously favoured a continuance of unrestricted submarine warfare as a means of attaining peace by making England submissive. Even if England proposed an armistice, raising the blockade would not compensate for the abandonment of submarine warfare. Herr Erseberger, the Centre leader, declared that Admiral von Capelle had torn to shreds the Admiralty Staff's previous calculations. The Navy now realised what he (Herr Erseberger) foretold in August last, namely, that the object of unrestricted submarine warfare would not be attained by January 1st, 1918, as was then officially asserted.

London, April 20.
In the Reichstag debate on the U boat question, the Administration was severely criticised as regards the delays and the manner in which the submarines are being constructed. Admiral von Capelle said, "We must prepare for a long war. The Socialist Deputies urged that the U-boat war had prolonged the war and increased the number of opponents. The Socialist Kapp alleged that Japan's non-intervention with a big army was directly due to submarine warfare. Herr Kapp (Conservative) and Herr Ledebour protested against the statement that all the Deputies favoured unrestricted submarine warfare.

CANADIAN MAN-POWER.

London, April 20.
Reuter's correspondent at Ottawa states that in the House of Commons Sir Robert Borden opened the Debate on the new man-power proposals. He said that it would be too much to expect that Canadians would not be attacked, as therefore it was necessary to prepare for the assault. Hence the Government proposed to depart from the principle of selection embodied in the Military Service Act and to abolish exemptions granted to certain classes. The Premier added that unless action was taken it would be impossible to supply adequate reinforcements. Sir Robert Borden asserted his belief that the people did not approve of the idea of Canadians in France being reinforced by Britain or the States.

London, April 20.
According to Reuter's correspondent at Ottawa the Government's man-power proposals, cabled on April 17, have been carried in both Houses.



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SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA

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YESTERDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

Reuter's Service to the "Telegraph."

A NOTORIOUS GERMAN AUTHOR.

London, April 19.
The Outlook states that the notorious von Bernhardi, the author of "Germany and the Next War," commands the Centre Army of the group of three armies operating between La Bassée and Ypres.

RUSSIAN AFFAIRS.

London, April 19.
The Provisional Government of Estonia has protested against the recent resolution of the Livonian Estonian Diet at Riga in favour of the separation of the Baltic Provinces from Russia, and the creation of a Baltic Monarchy in personal union with Persia. The Provisional Government of Estonia says that this only expresses the pretensions of an insignificant number of the German nobility and their partisans.

London, April 18.
A German wireless report states:—In view of the reports of the formation of revolutionary committees in "war-prisoners' camps in Russia, notably at Omsk, Tomsk, and Ekaterinburg, aiming at equality among officers and men and the prevention of the repatriation of prisoners, the German Government demands that the Russian Government immediately disarm all prisoners at Omsk and take over the management of all camps pending the arrival of a German Commission; also the separation of the German from the Austro-Hungarian prisoners, the reinstatement of officers, and the Russian occupation of the railway station at Omsk in order to secure the free passage of prisoners from Siberia.

THE RUSSIAN FRONT.

London, April 19.
A German wireless official report states:—We occupied Tschaplinsk and Melitopol in Taurida.

ITALIAN REGIMENTS FOR WESTERN FRONT.

London, April 19.
A wireless Italian report states:—Signor Orlando stated in the Chamber yesterday that Italian Regiments would shortly participate in the French battle. The declaration was received with the greatest enthusiasm. Many officers and soldiers have asked to be incorporated in regiments going to France.

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FT San Francisco	7434
40 & New York	Nom.
FT Java	1666
FT Marks	Nom.
FT France	428
Demand, Paris	4284

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4 m/s. D/F	313
6 m/s. L/C	3134
30 d/s. Sydney & Melbourne	3134
30 d/s. San Francisco	76
4 m/s. Marks	Nom.
4 m/s. France	443
6 m/s. France	448
Demand, Germany	Nom.
Demand, New York	7474
FT Bombay	Nom.
Demand, Bombay	Nom.
FT Calcutta	Nom.
Demand, Calcutta	Nom.
Demand, Manila	1494
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